

# (12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

### (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau





(43) International Publication Date 30 May 2002 (30.05.2002)

(10) International Publication Number WO 02/42323 A2

(51) International Patent Classification7:

- (21) International Application Number: PCT/EP01/13604
- (22) International Filing Date:

22 November 2001 (22.11.2001)

(25) Filing Language:

English

C07K 14/00

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

0028495.0 60/252,790 22 November 2000 (22.11.2000) GB 22 November 2000 (22.11.2000)

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- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW. MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### Published:

without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: FLUORESCENT PROTEINS

(57) Abstract: There is disclosed an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a new florescent protein which is capable of emitting fluorescence upon irradiation by incident light, wherein said maximal absorbance of incident light is in the range of 440-480mm, and maximal fluorescence emission is in the range of 470-510mm.

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#### FLUORESCENT PROTEINS

The present invention is concerned with fluorescent proteins and, in particular, with nucleic acid sequences encoding novel fluorescing proteins which have been isolated from coral species.

Fluorescent proteins, such as, green fluorescent protein from the luminescent jelly fish Aequorea prictoria are extremely useful molecules by virtue of their ability to function as markers for gene expression and protein localisation within living cells. Fluorescent proteins can be produced in vivo by biological systems and can therefore be used to monitor and trace the progress of intracellular events.

In the present invention, the inventors have surprisingly identified completely novel fluorescing proteins from the coral species Anthozoa which have been sequenced and which can be used for *in vivo* labelling studies.

Therefore, according to a first aspect of the invention there is provided an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a fluorescent protein comprising an amino acid sequence illustrated in any of the polypeptide sequences of figures 3(a) to 3(d). The present inventors have advantageously identified 4 distinct nucleic acid molecules encoding fluorescing proteins which heretofore have not yet been described. In a further aspect, the invention comprises an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein capable of emitting fluorescence upon irradiation by incident light, wherein said maximal absorbance of said incident light is in the range 440-480 nm, in

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particular 450-475 (maximum of excitation) and maximal fluorescence emission is in the range 470-510 nm, in particular 480-500 nm (maximum of emission).

According to the invention, at least 4 different fluorescent proteins (and nucleic acid sequences encoding said proteins) were obtained from species of coral, and in particular from species of coral belonging to the genus Discosoma and the genus

10 Polythoa.

In addition, as can be seen from the data given hereinbelow, hybrids of fluorescent proteins derived from two or more different species from the genus

15 Polythoa and/or Discosoma may also be used. Such hybrid fluorescent proteins of the invention may be obtained by suitable expression of hybrid

(e.g.chimeric) nucleic acid sequences encoding such

- hybrid proteins, which in turn may for instance be

  20 obtained by suitably combining (two or more parts of)

  two or more naturally occurring nucleic acids (i.e.

  cDNAs and/or genes) encoding (native) fluorescent

  proteins, at least one of which has been obtained from
  a coral of the species Polythoa and/or Discosoma
- 25 (and/or from another coral). This can be carried out by techniques known per se and/or as further described below, including but not limited to "gene shuffling" techniques.
- A listing of the clones used in the invention is given in Figure 2. Also, an alignment of some of the clones used herein is given in Figure 8B.
- The excitation- and emission-spectra for some of these proteins are given in the Figures, and are also summarized below:

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	Clone	Source	Mutations	Exitation max (nm)	Emission max (nm)
	pGR7	Polythoa spec.	Q135R	469 (452)	490
5	pGR3	Polythoa spec.	N41D, 3'end	469 (452,48	9) 496
	pGR13	Polythoa spec	none	469 (452)	490
	pGR15	Hybrid	none	451 (440)	484

Accordingly, in one embodiment, the invention relates 10 to a fluorescent protein with an emission spectrum which has:

- a maximum of emission (fluorescence measured following exitation at 469 nm) at between 491 and 501 nm, and in particular at about 496 nm; and preferably one, and more preferably both, of the following:
- following exitation at 469 nm) of between 30 and 40 % of the emission at the maximum of emission;
- an emission at 525 nm (fluorescence measured following exitation at 469 nm) of between 35 and 45 %
   of the emission at the maximum of emission;
   and with an exitation spectrum which has:
  - a maximum of absorbance (measured at emission at 490 nm) at between 464 and 474 nm, and in particular at about 469 nm; and at least any one, preferably at least any two, more preferably at least any three, and most preferably all four of the following:
- an absorbance at 452 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 59 and 69 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;

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- an absorbance at 456 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 54 and 64 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
- 5 an absorbance at 486 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 42 and 52 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
- an absorbance at 489 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 63 and 73 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance.

In another embodiment, the invention relates to a fluorescent protein with an emission spectrum which has:

- a maximum of emission (fluorescence measured following exitation at 469 nm) at between 485 and 495 nm, and in particular at about 490 nm,
- and preferably one, and more preferably both, of the following:
- an emission at 480 nm (fluorescence measured following exitation at 469 nm) of between 46 and 56 % of the emission at the maximum of emission;

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- an emission at 525 nm (fluorescence measured following exitation at 469 nm) of between 33 and 43 % of the emission at the maximum of emission; and with an exitation spectrum which has:
- a maximum of absorbance (measured at emission at 490 nm) at between 464 and 474 nm, and in particular at about 469 nm; and at least any one, preferably at least any two, more preferably at least any three, and most preferably all four of the following:

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- an absorbance at 440 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 48 and 58 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
- 5 an absorbance at 452 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 55 and 65 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
  - an absorbance at 456 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 52 and 62 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
    - an absorbance at 480 nm (measured at emission at 490 nm) of between 48 and 58 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance.

In yet another embodiment, the invention relates to a fluorescent protein with an emission spectrum which has:

- 20 a maximum of emission (fluorescence measured following exitation at 451 nm) at between 479 and 489 nm, and in particular at about 484 nm, and preferably one, and more preferably both, of the following:
- 25 an emission at 470 nm (fluorescence measured following exitation at 451 nm) of between 39 and 49 % of the emission at the maximum of emission;
- an emission at 525 nm (fluorescence measured 30 following exitation at 451 nm) of between 31 and 41 % of the emission at the maximum of emission; and with an exitation spectrum which has:
- a maximum of absorbance (measured at emission at 484 nm) at between 446 and 456 nm, and in particular at about 451 nm; and at least any one, preferably at least any two, more preferably at least any three, and

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most preferably all four of the following:

- an absorbance at 420 nm (measured at emission at 484 nm) of between 61 and 71 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
- an absorbance at 440 nm (measured at emission at 484 nm) of between 86 and 96 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
- an absorbance at 447 nm (measured at emission at 484 nm) of between 84 and 94 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance;
- an absorbance at 470 nm (measured at emission at 484 nm) of between 61 and 71 % of the absorbance at the maximum of absorbance.
- Also, any protein with an emission and/or exitation spectrum as indicated above preferably has a degree of sequence identity with at least one of the proteins encoded by the nucleic acid sequences shown in Figure 1, of at least 70%, preferably at least 80%, more preferably at least 90% and even more preferably at least 95% sequence identity with at least one of the proteins encoded by at least one of the nucleotide sequences depicted in Figure 1, in which the percentage sequence homology is determined as described hereinbelow.
- For the some of the clones described hereinbelow, pertinent values are given in Figure 28.
- Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule is a DNA and more preferably a cDNA molecule. The cDNA molecules are preferably isolated from the Discosoma or Polythoa

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genus of coral although they may also be synthetically prepared using techniques which would be well known to practitioners skilled in the art. Preferably, the nucleic acid sequences encoding the novel proteins are as set forth in Figure 1.

Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule is substantially homologous to the nucleic acid sequences depicted in Figure 1. Even more preferably the nucleic acid molecule has at least 70, preferably at least 80, more preferably at least 90 and even more preferably at least 95% sequence identity to at least one of the nucleic acid sequences depicted in Figures 1 and even more preferably comprises any of the nucleic acid sequences of Figure 1.

The fluorescent proteins of the invention can be used for any application known per se for fluorescent proteins described in the art, such as for the green fluorescent protein from Aequorea victoria mentioned above. Such applications will be clear to the skilled person, and may include, but are not limited to, the applications of such "GFPs" mentioned in the relevant prior art, such as WO 95/07463, WO 97/11094, WO 97/42320, WO 98/06737 and WO 97/41228.

As such, the fluorescent proteins of the invention (and/or the nucleic acid sequences encoding these proteins) may be used as a label and/or marker, and in particular as a genetic marker and/or an expression marker, for instance in the fields of (micro-)biology, biochemistry and/or molecular biology.

For example, the fluorescent proteins of the

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inventions (and/or the nucleic acid sequences encoding these proteins) may be used in *in vitro* applications, such as hybrisation assays and/or immunological assays (e.g. ELISA's).

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However, fluorescent proteins of the invention are particularly suited for applications in vivo, including but not limited to expression and/or use in bacteria, protozoa, fungi, algi, yeast cells or other micro-organisms; in (cells or tissues of) plants and/or animals; and/or in cells or cell lines derived from plant cells or animal cells.

One particularly preferred application involves the
expression and use in species of nematode, such as
C.elegans, e.g. for screens or assays involving the
use of such nematodes.

Some other possible applications include, but are not limited to:

- follow up of a protein tagged with a fluorescent protein during the purification of said protein (e.g. using chromatography techniques);

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- in vivo expression analysis;
- investigation of the transport of proteins etc. across biological membranes; and/or (other) qualitative and/or quantitative detection techniques and/or analytical techniques.

The nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are particularly useful in processes for labelling

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polypeptides of interest, e.g., by the construction of genes encoding fluorescent fusion proteins. Fluorescence labelling via gene fusion is sitespecific and eliminates the present need to purify the 5 labelled proteins in vitro and microinject them into cells. Sequences encoding the fluorescing proteins of the present invention may be used for a wide variety of purposes as are well known to those working in the field. For example, the sequences may be employed as reporter genes for monitoring the expression of the sequence fused thereto; unlike other reporter genes, the sequences require neither substrates nor cell disruption to evaluate whether expression has been achieved. Similarly, the sequences of the present 15 invention may be used as a means to trace lineage of a gene fused thereto during the development of a cell or organism. Further, the sequences of the present invention may be used as a genetic marker; cells or organisms labelled in this manner can be selected by 20 e.g. fluorescence-activated cell sorting. sequences of the present invention may also be used as a fluorescent tag to monitor protein expression in vivo and/or in vitro or to encode donors or acceptors for fluorescence resonance energy transfer. 25 uses for the sequences of the present invention would be readily apparent to those working in the field, as would appropriate techniques for fusing a gene of interest to an oligonucleotide sequence of the present invention in the proper reading frame and in a 30 suitable expression vector so as to achieve expression of the combined sequence.

Similarly fusion proteins including an antibody fused to the fluorescing protein may also be generated for

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in vivo labelling, for example. In such an embodiment the nucleic acid molecule of the invention encoding the fluorescing protein will be operably linked to the sequence encoding the antibody. As would be well known in the art only a small portion of an antibody molecule, the paratope, is involved in binding to the epitope of a protein and a nucleic acid molecule encoding the paratope may be used to generate a labelled molecule specific for the paratope of interest.

A fusion protein of the 3' sequence of Discosoma coupled to the 5' sequence of Polythoa 2 was also generated using the nucleic acid sequences encoding the Polythoa 2 and Discosoma 1 protein, for expression in a prokaryotic and eukaryotic expression system, which protein sequences are illustrated in Figure 7. The plasmid pGR15 encoding the sequence of the Polythoa 2-Discosoma 1 hybrid was the vector used for expression of the fusion protein in *E.coli*, whereas plasmid pGR18 was utilised for eukaryotic expression in COS cells. Plasmid pGR20 was used for expression in *C.elegans* and transformation of the relevant cells or organism using these vectors resulted in expression of a fluorescing protein.

As outlined in more detail in the examples below, mutant or hybrid proteins were also developed to investigate their absorbance and emission spectra compared to the wild type Polythoa and Discosoma proteins. The proteins and polypeptides encoded by plasmids pGR3 and pGR7 described herein contain a 109 thioredoxin associated fragment in fusion with the Polythoa 2 fluorescing protein. Furthermore, plasmid

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pGR7 encodes a protein with the mutation Q136R while a further plasmid pGR10 expresses a I106T mutant.

An antisense molecule capable of hybridising to the nucleic acid molecules of the invention under conditions of high stringency also forms part of the invention.

Stringency of hybridisation as used herein refers to conditions under which polynucleic acids are stable. The stability of hybrids is reflected in the melting temperature (Tm) of the hybrids. Tm can be approximated by the formula:

 $81.5^{\circ}C+16.6(\log_{10}[Na^{+}]+0.41(%G&C)-600/1$ 

wherein 1 is the length of the hybrids in nucleotides. Tm decreases approximately by 1-1.5°C with every 1% decrease in sequence homology.

The term "stringency" refers to the hybridisation conditions wherein a single-stranded nucleic acid joins with a complementary strand when the purine or pyrimidine bases therein pair with their corresponding base by hydrogen bonding. High stringency conditions favour homologous base pairing whereas low stringency conditions favour non-homologous base pairing.

"Low stringency" conditions comprise, for example, a temperature of about 37°C or less, a formamide concentration of less than about 50%, and a moderate to low salt (SSC) concentration; or, alternatively, a temperature of about 50°C or less, and a moderate to high salt (SSPE) concentration, for example 1M NaCl.

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"High stringency" conditions comprise, for example, a temperature of about 42°C or less, a formamide concentration of less than about 20%, and a low salt (SSC) concentration; or, alternatively, a temperature of about 65°C, or less, and a low salt (SSPE) concentration. For example, high stringency conditions comprise hybridization in 0.5 M NaHPO4, 7% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), 1 mM EDTA at 65°C (Ausubel, F.M. et al. Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Vol. I, 1989; Green Inc. New York, at 2.10.3).

"SSC" comprises a hybridization and wash solution. A stock 20X SSC solution contains 3M sodium chloride, 0.3M sodium citrate, pH 7.0.

"SSPE" comprises a hybridization and wash solution. A 1X SSPE solution contains 180 mM NaCl, 9mM  $Na_2HPO_4$  and 1 mM EDTA, pH 7.4.

However, other conditions and reagents also result in stringent hybridisation conditions and these are generally well known to the skilled practitioner (Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual, J. Sambrook et al., Cold Spring Harbour Press, 1989, or Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, F.M. Ansubel, et al., eds., John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York.

As would be appreciated by those skilled in the art,
the presence of introns in a nucleic acid sequence can
lead to enhanced expression levels. One of the
preferred nucleic acid molecules of the invention, the
sequence of which is depicted in Figure 2(b), includes
a synthetic intron in addition to a 5' UTR including a

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Kozak site.

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Fluorescent proteins or functional equivalents, fragments or variants thereof encoded by the nucleic 5 acid molecules of the invention also form part of the invention. Furthermore, according to an even further aspect, the invention comprises an isolated fluorescent protein capable of emitting fluorescence upon irradiation by incident light wherein the maximal absorbance of said incident light is in the range-440-10 480 nm, in particular 450-475 nm (maximum of excitation) and maximal fluorescence emission is in the range 470-510 nm, in particular 480-500 nm (maximum of emission). The invention also comprises 15 an isolated fluorescent protein comprising an amino acid sequence which has at least 70, preferably at least 80, more preferably at least 90 and even more preferably at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in any of Figures 3 to 8.

Functional equivalents, fragments or variants of the polypeptide of the invention are those molecules that retain the distinct fluorescing capability of the

polypeptides of the invention.

The DNA molecules according to the invention may, advantageously, be included in a suitable expression vector to express the fluorescent protein encoded therefrom in a suitable host. Incorporation of cloned DNA into a suitable expression vector for subsequent transformation of said cell and subsequent selection of the transformed cells is well known to those skilled in the art as provided in Sambrook et al. (1989), Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, Cold

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Spring Harbour Laboratory Press.

An expression vector according to the invention includes a vector comprising a nucleic acid according to the invention operably linked to regulatory 5 sequences, such as promoter regions, that are capable of effecting expression of said DNA fragments. term "operably linked" refers to a juxta position wherein the components described are in a relationship permitting them to function in their intended manner. 10 Such vectors may be transformed into a suitable host cell to provide for expression of a polypeptide according to the invention. Thus, in a further aspect, the invention provides a process for preparing polypeptides according to the invention which 15 comprises cultivating a host cell, transformed or transfected with an expression vector as described above under conditions to provide for expression by the vector of a coding sequence encoding the polypeptides, and recovering the expressed 20 polypeptides.

The vectors may be, for example, plasmid, virus or phage vectors provided with an origin of replication, and optionally a promoter for the expression of said nucleotide sequence and optionally a regulator of the promoter. The vectors may contain one or more selectable markers, such as, for example, ampicillin resistance.

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The precise nature of the regulatory sequences needed for expression of the fluorescing protein can vary between species or cell types. They will, however, generally include 5' non-transcribing and 5' non-

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translating sequences involved in initiation or regulation of transcription and translation respectively. Regulatory elements required for expression generally include promoter sequences to bind RNA polymerase and transcription initiation sequences for ribosome binding. For example, a bacterial expression vector may include a promoter such as the lac promoter and for translation initiation the Shine-Dalgarno sequence and the start Codon AUG. Similarly, a eukaryotic expression vector may include a heterologous or homologous promoter for RNA polymerase II, a downstream polyadenylation signal, the start codon AUG, and a termination codon for detachment of the ribosome. Such vectors may be obtained commercially or assembled from the sequences described by methods well known in the art.

Nucleic acid molecules according to the invention may be inserted into the vectors described in an antisense orientation in order to provide for the production of antisense RNA. Antisense RNA or other antisense nucleic acids may be produced by synthetic means.

As discussed in the examples provided it is desirable to enhance the performance or expression levels of the fluorescent proteins in organisms or cells other than those from the coral species from which the proteins or polypeptides of the invention are derived. Every organism adopts a preferred codon usage which is related to the presence and expression of tRNA genes and which involves post-transcriptional expression regulation. Such optimal codon usage has been determined for a number of organisms. In the present embodiment a vector was generated for optimal

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expression in the nematode *C.elegans*. Therefore, when the host to be transfected with a vector including the nucleic acid molecules of the invention is *C.elegans*, the vector may comprise the plasmid pGR10, described in the example below, which includes the nucleotide sequence depicted in Figure 2(a).

Similarly, the introduction of synthetic introns can result in enhancements of expression levels. A preferred nucleic acid molecule including such a synthetic intron for increased expression levels in C.elegans is particularly preferred, which molecule is described in Figure 2(b).

15 Preferred vectors according to the invention comprise
the plamsids designated pGR3, pGR4, pGR5, pGR6, pGR7
and pDW2700, the sequences of which are illustrated in
Figures 9 to 14 respectively. Other preferred
plasmids according to the invention comprise plasmids
20 designated pGR1, pGR8, pGR13, pGR14, pGR15, pGR16,
GR17, pGR18, pGR19, pGR20 and pGR10 identified in the
example provided, and which would be readily
producible by the skilled practitioner using the
method steps described.

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In accordance with the present invention, a defined nucleic acid includes not only the identical nucleic acid but also any minor base variations including in particular, substitutions in cases which result in a synonymous codon (a different codon specifying the same amino acid residue) due to the degenerate code in conservative amino acid substitutions. The term "nucleic acid sequence" also includes the complementary sequence to any single stranded sequence

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given regarding base variations.

The present invention also advantageously provides nucleic acid sequences of at least approximately 10 contiguous nucleotides of a nucleic acid according to 5 the invention and preferably from 10 to 50 nucleotides of the nucleic acid sequences set forth in Figures 1 These sequences may, advantageously be used as and 2. probes or primers to initiate replication, or the Such nucleic acid sequences may be produced-10 according to techniques well known in the art, such as by recombinant or synthetic means. They may also be used in diagnostic kits or the like for detecting the presence of a nucleic acid according to the invention. These tests generally comprise contacting the probe 15 with the sample under hybridising conditions and detecting for the presence of any duplex or triplex formation between the probe and any nucleic acid in the sample.

Letters utilised in the sequences according to the invention which are not recognisable as letters of the genetic code signify a position in the nucleic acid sequence where one or more of bases A, G, C or T can occupy the nucleotide position. Representative letters used to identify the range of bases which can be used are as follows:

M: A or C

R: A or G

W: A or T

S: C or G

Y: C or T

K: G or T

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V: A or C or G

H: A or C or T

D: A or G or T

B: C or G or T

N: G or A or T or C

According to the present invention, degenerate primers were utilised to fully identify the sequence of the nucleic acid encoding the proteins of the invention.

Those novel molecules as described in the example...

provided also form part of the present invention.

According to the present invention these probes may be anchored to a solid support. Preferably, they are present on an array so that multiple probes can simultaneously hybridize to a single biological sample. The probes can be spotted onto the array or synthesised in situ on the array. (See Lockhart et al., Nature Biotechnology, vol. 14, December 1996

"Expression monitoring by hybridisation to high density oligonucleotide arrays". A single array can contain more than 100, 500 or even 1,000 different probes in discrete locations.

The nucleic acid sequences, according to the invention may be produced using such recombinant or synthetic means, such as for example using PCR cloning mechanisms which generally involve making a pair of primers, which may be from approximately 10 to 50 nucleotides to a region of the gene which is desired to be cloned, bringing the primers into contact with mRNA, cDNA, or genomic DNA from a suitable biological source, and in particular from (a cell of) a species of coral, more particularly from (a cell of) a species

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of coral from the genus Polythoa and/or the genus Discosoma, performing a polymerase chain reaction under conditions which brings about amplification of the desired region, isolating the amplified region or fragment and recovering the amplified DNA. 5 the primers suitable for the aforementioned method include, but are not limited to, the individual primers mentioned in Table 1 as well as the combinations thereof mentioned in Table 2. Generally, such techniques are well known in the art, such as-10 described in Sambrook et al. (Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual, 1989). Another suitable technique involves "gene shuffling" (DNA shuffling by random fragmentation and reassembly: In vitro recombination for molecular evolution: Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. Vol 15 91, pp 10747-10751, October 1994.

Therefore, it is also envisaged that - based upon the disclosure herein and (for instance) using one or more of the primers listed in Table 1 or a suitable combination thereof (including but not limited to the combinations mentioned in Table 2 - the skilled person will be able to isolate (nucleic acids encoding) additional fluorescent proteins of the invention from other suitable biological sources, and in particular from other species of coral such as (other) species from the genus Polythoa and/or the genus Discosoma; and such (nucleic acids encoding such) additional fluorescent proteins are also within the scope of the present invention.

In one preferred embodiment, such any nucleic acids will have at least 70%, preferably at least 80%, more preferably at least 90% and even more preferably at

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least 95% sequence identity with at least one of the nucleotide sequences depicted in Figure 1, in which the percentage sequence homology is determined as described above; and/or is capable of hybridizing with at least one of the nucleotide sequences depicted in Figure 1 under conditions of high stringency, again as described above.

The term "homologous" describes the relationship

10 between different nucleic acid molecules or amino\_acid sequences wherein said sequences or molecules are related by partial identity or similarity at one or more blocks or regions within said molecules or sequences. Homology may be determined by means of computer programs known in the art.

Substantial homology preferably carries with it that the nucleotide and amino acid sequences of the fluorescent proteins of the invention comprise a nucleotide and amino acid sequence fragment, 20 respectively, corresponding and displaying a certain degree of sequence identity to the sequences set forth in Figures 1 and 2 for the nucleotide sequences and 3 to 8 for the polypeptide sequences. Preferably they share an identity of at least 30 %, preferably 40 %, 25 more preferably 50 %, still more preferably 60 %, most preferably 70%, and particularly an identity of at least 80 %, preferably more than 90 % and still more preferably more than 95 % is desired with respect to the nucleotide or amino acid sequences depicted in 30 Figures 1 to 8 respectively. A preferred method for determining the best overall match between a query sequence (a sequence of the present invention) and a subject sequence, also referred to as a global

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sequence alignment, can be determined using, for example, the FASTDB computer program based on the algorithm of Brutlag et al. (Comp. App. Biosci. 6 (1990), 237-245.) In a sequence alignment the query and subject sequences are both DNA sequences. An RNA 5 sequence can be compared by converting U's to T's. The result of said global sequence alignment is in percent identity. Further programs that can be used in order to determine homology/identity are described below and in the examples. The sequences that are homologous to 10 the sequences described above are, for example, variations of said sequences which represent modifications having the same biological function, in particular encoding proteins with the same or substantially the same receptor specificity, e.g. 15 binding specificity. They may be naturally occurring variations, such as sequences from other mammals, or mutations. These mutations may occur naturally or may be obtained by mutagenesis techniques. The allelic variations may be naturally occurring allelic variants 20 as well as synthetically produced or genetically engineered variants. In a preferred embodiment the sequences are derived from a human.

25 A further aspect of the invention provides host cells transformed or transfected with a vector according to the invention. Such cells can be of prokaryotic or eukaryotic origin. Suitable prokaryotes include gram positive or negative organisms including E.coli,
30 Bacillus spp, Pseudomonas spp, or salmonella typhimurium. The expression vector used to transform the prokaryotic cells, and particularly E.coli, preferably comprises plasmids designated pGR3 and pGR7, the sequences of which are illustrated in Figure

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9 and 13 respectively. Eukaryotic organisms include yeasts or fungi and plant cells which utilise a transfection system based on infection by Agrobacterium tumefaciens.

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The vectors can also be used to transform cells in tissue culture in addition to non-human organisms and these also form part of the invention. Typical mammalian tissue culture cells include COS-7, HEK-293, BHK, CHD, HELA cells and the like. Suitable organisms which may be useful to monitor expression of proteins using the novel fluorescing proteins of the invention include *C.elegans*, which is particularly advantageous as the fluorescing protein can be viewed in vivo.

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When the organism to be transformed with the appropriate vector is *C.elegans*, the vector preferably comprises the sequence of the plasmid illustrated in Figure 12 or a vector adapted for expression of heterologous proteins in the *C.elegans* including the nucleotide sequences illustrated in Figure 2.

Transformation of a host cell with recombinant DNA may be carried out by conventional techniques as are well known to those skilled in the art. Where the host is prokaryotic, such as *E.coli*, competent cells which are capable of DNA uptake can be prepared from cells harvested after exponential growth phase and subsequently treated by the CaCl<sub>2</sub> method by procedures well known in the art. Alternatively, MgCl<sub>2</sub> or RbCl can be used. Transformation can also be performed after forming a protoplast of the host cell or by electroporation.

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When the host is a eukaryote, such methods of transfection of DNA as calcium phosphate coprecipitates, conventional mechanical procedures such as microinjection, electroporation, insertion of a plasmid encased in lipsosomes, or virus vectors may be used. Eukaryotic cells can also be cotransfected with DNA sequences encoding the fusion polypeptide, such as the herpes simplex thymidine kinase gene. Another method is to use a eukaryotic viral vector, such as simian virus 40(SV40) or bovine papilloma virus, to transiently infect or transform eukaryotic cells and express the proteins (Eukaryotic Viral Vectors, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory, Gluznan ed., 1982.

Also encompassed within the scope of the present 15 invention is a method of producing a polypeptide according to the invention comprising cultivating a host cell or tissue transformed or transfected with the appropriate vector of the invention under conditions suitable for expression of the flourescent 20 protein and optionally recovering the expressed protein. The protein may be recovered and purified from the recombinant cell cultures by methods known in the art, including ammonium sulfate or ethanol precipitation acid extraction, anion or cation 25 exchange chromatography, phosphocellulose chromatography, hydrophobic interaction chromatography, affinity chromatography, hydroxyapatite chromatography and lectin 30 chromatography.

In a further aspect, the invention also comprises an oligonucleotide probe or primer, and which comprises a sequence that selectively hybridises to a nucleic acid

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molecule according to the invention. The oligonucleotide preferably comprises a sequence of at least 10 contiguous nucleotides and is preferably between 10 and 50 nucleotides in length.

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Advantageously, the novel proteins of the invention, as aforementioned, are particularly useful for monitoring expression of proteins within biological systems and the subcellular localisation or trafficking of proteins. To determine the expression 10 pattern of a particular protein of interest it suffices in principle to make a fusion between the promoter of the gene of interest and the sequence encoding the fluorescing protein. Upon introduction 15 of a vector with the promoter-fluorescent protein of the invention fusion into a cell or organism, any expression induced by the promoter can easily be monitored by following the expression of the protein of the invention. To monitor the subcellular 20 expression of a protein it generally suffices to make a fusion between the protein of interest and the GFP protein, which can be done at either the N or C terminals of the protein.

Therefore, in a further aspect the present invention comprises a method for selecting cells capable of expressing a protein of interest, comprising introducing into said cells a vector comprising the nucleotide sequence of a fluorescent protein according to the invention operatively linked to a promoter or regulatory region of the protein of interest, cultivating the cell under conditions necessary for expressing the protein of interest and monitoring for any fluorescent following expression of said

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fluorescent protein.

In accordance with the present invention, a protein of interest includes any protein to be monitored or labelled by virtue of being attached or expressed together with the proteins of the invention. The techniques for generating fusion proteins using the proteins of the invention are well known to those in the art.

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A particular use of fluorescent proteins consists of the construction of a synthetic protein harboring a donor fluorescent protein and an acceptor fluorescent protein, connected with a binding protein moiety. The two fluorescent proteins change conformation upon binding of an analyte to the binding protein moiety. The binding protein moiety has an analyte-binding region which binds an analyte and causes the indicator to change conformation upon exposure to the analyte. The donor fluorescent protein is covalently coupled to the binding moiety. The acceptor fluorescent protein moiety is also covalently coupled to the binding protein moiety. In the fluorescent indicator the donor moiety and the acceptor moiety change position relative to each other when the analyte binds to the analyte binding region, altering fluorescence resonance energy transfer between the donor moiety and the acceptor moiety when the donor moiety is excited. Such a system has been described previously by Tsien et al. WO 98/40477 and Garman WO 94/28166. These molecules are very efficient in measuring internal concentrations of analytes such as cAMP, Ca2+, etc. as for measurement of internal enzymatic activities of enzymes such as proteases, esterases, etc.

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fluorescent proteins according to the present invention and functional equivalents, derivatives or fragments thereof can be used to develop new FRET molecules.

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Therefore, in a further aspect the present invention comprises a method for producing fluorescence resonance energy transfer comprising; providing an acceptor molecule comprising a fluorescent protein according to the invention providing an appropriate donor molecule for the fluorescent protein; and bringing the donor molecule and acceptor molecule into sufficiently close contact to allow fluorescence resonance energy transfer. Alternatively, the donor molecule can be the fluorescent protein of the invention in which case an appropriate acceptor molecule for the fluorescent protein is provided.

The invention may be more clearly understood from the following description of an exemplary embodiment with reference to the accompanying Figures wherein:

Figure 1 is an illustration of the nucleotide sequences encoding for fluorescent proteins from the Polythoa and Discosoma species of coral.

Figure 2 (a) is an illustration of the sequence of the DNA fragment encoding Polythoa 2 protein with optimal codon usage for expression in *C.elegans*.

(b) is an illustration of the sequence from(a) further including introns and a 5'untranslated region containing a Kozak

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# sequence.

5	Figure 3(a-d)	is an illustration of the polypeptide sequences of Polythoa 1 and 2 and Discosoma 1 and 2 encoded by the nucleic acid molecules of the
		invention.
10	Figure 4	is an illustration of the sequence of a Polythoa fusion protein encoded by plasmid pGR3 and which includes a 109 amino acid thioredoxin fragment fused to the Polythoa 2 polypeptide sequence.
15	Figure 5	is an illustration of the sequence of a Polythoa 2 fluorescent fusion protein in pGR7 which also incorporates the 109 thioredoxin amino acid fragment.
20	Figure 6	is an alignment of the proteins encoded by the plasmids indicated A-J therein.
25	Figure 7	is a further alignment of the protein sequences of the Polythoa 2, Discosoma 1 hybrid and the proteins encoded by the plasmids indicated therein.
30	Figure 8 (a)	is a further alignment of the translation products from the DNA fragments indicated therein.

(b) is an alignment of some of the clones

used in the present invention.

Figure 8

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	Figure 9	is an illustration of the nucleotide sequence of plasmid pGR3.
5	Figure 10	is an illustration of the nucleotide sequence of plasmid pGR4.
	Figure 11	is an illustration of the nucleotide sequence of plasmid pGR5.
10	Figure 12	is an illustration of the nucleotide sequence of plasmid pGR6.
	Figure 13	is an illustration of the nucleotide sequence of plasmid pGR7.
15	Figure 14	is an illustration of the nucleotide sequence of plasmid pDW2700.
20	Figure 15	is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of the thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein from pGR3 at (a) 452 nm and (b) 489 nm excitation.
25	Figure 16	is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein from pGR3 at 469 nm excitation.
30	Figure 17	is a graphic representation of the pGR3 excitation spectrum at an emission of 490 nm.
	Figure 18	is a graphic representation of the excitation spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-

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fusion protein from pGR7 at 490 nm emission.

- Figure 19 is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein from pGR7 at 452 nm excitation.
- Figure 20 illustrates combined emission and excitation spectra of thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein from pGR7.
- Figure 21 is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein from pGR13 at 452 nm excitation.
- Figure 22 is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein of pGR13 at 469 nm excitation.
- Figure 23 is a graphic representation of the excitation spectrum of the thioredoxinFP-Fusion proteins from pGR13 at 490 nm emission.
- Figure 24 is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein pGR15 at (a) 489 nm excitation and (b) 451 nm excitation.
  - Figure 25 is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-

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fusion protein pGR15 at 440 nm excitation.

Figure 26

is a graphic representation of the emission spectrum of thioredoxin-FP-fusion protein pGF15 at 440 nm excitation.

. Figure 27

is a list of the clones used in accordance with the invention.

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Figure 28 is a list of pertinent absorbance and emission values for some of the clones

used.

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Examples:

# 1) Isolation of cDNA encoding for new fluorescent proteins

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a) Isolation of RNA

Two brightly fluorescent Anthozoa species

(Polythoa and Discosoma species) were used to isolate fluorescent proteins. This type of coral can be obtained from aquarium supply outlets, but such corals can be obtained from various coral reefs. The corals, and more particularly the polyps expressing high levels of fluorescent protein were flash-frozen in liquid nitrogen. Methods to isolate material samples are common in molecular biology techniques, and have been described in "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology", ed. by Ausubel et al., John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

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Total RNA was isolated using TRIzol™ Reagent (Cat. NO. 15596; Life Technologies), according to the manufacturers procedure, from the frozen specimens and the total RNA was finally re-suspended in DEPC water (Current protocols in Molecular biology, ibid).

## b) First strand cDNA synthesis

First strand cDNA was prepared using the total

RNA isolations as described above from the Polythea or the Discosoma species. Random primers were provided by Life Technologies (Cat. NO. 48190-11) and cDNA was synthesized using the Superscript II kit (Cat. NO. 18064-022; Life Technologies). The protocol to generate cDNA, by RT-PCR was performed according the instructions of the manufacturers.

c) PCR with degenerate primers:

To isolate full cDNA sequences encoding for new fluorescent proteins, a series of PCR procedures were performed using the cDNA isolated as described above. For these experiments, the following synthetic degenerate primers were used:

oGR1: CACCACATGGAAGGAWRYKTNRAYGG;

25 ogr2: ACCACATGGAAGGATGCKTNRAYGGNCA;

ogR3: AATTTGTGATCAAGGGCRARGGNRWNGG;

oGR4:GTGATCAAAGGTGGACCNYTNCCNTT;

oGR5:GACATATTGTCAACAGAGTTYMANTAYG;

oGR6: CATATTGTCAACAGAGTTYMANTAYGG;

30 ogr7: ATCCTGACGACATACCAGAYTAYHWNAA;

oGR8:GACTATTTCAAGCAGTCGTKYCCNGMNGG;

oGR9: CATGGGAAAGGTCCTTGCAYTWYGARGA;

oGR10:GGTGACATCTCCTTTCARNAYNCC;

oGR11:CATATTCTCAGTGGANGSNTCCCA;

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oGR12:CACAGGTCCATCGSNAGGRAARTT; oGR13:CCATCGGCAGGAAARTTNANNCC; oGR14: TGAATACCCTGTTTCCRTANTKRAA

- 5 The first strand cDNAs as isolated above were subjected to PCR amplification using the set of degenerate primers (oGR1 till oGR14) and Amplitaq Gold (Perkin Elmer) as Polymerase. Concentrations, buffers were as provided by the manufacture or minor
- modifications were applied as known in the art. ——
  The PCR conditions were as followed:
  An initial denaturation step at 95°C for 10′, followed by 25 cycles of touch down PCR (30″ at 95°C, 1′ at 55°C (-0.2°C/cycle) and 1′ at 72°C) and followed by 15 cycles of PCR (95°C for 30″, at 50°C for 1′ and 72°C
- cycles of PCR (95°C for 30", at 50°C for 1' and 72°C for 1'). The resulting PCR products were analyzed on standard agarose gel and the DNA fragments of interest were isolated and cloned into vector pCR-XL-TOPO vector (Cat. No. K4700-20; Invitrogen).
- Following primer combinations resulted in the isolation of appropriate DNA fragments
  On Polythoa first strand cDNA:
  oGR1/oGR14, oGR6/oGR11, oGR2/oGR11, oGR3/oGR11, oGR4/oGR11, oGR5/oGR11, oGR1/oGR11,
- on Discosoma first strand cDNA:

  oGR1/oGR10, oGR1/oGR11, oGR6/oGR10, oGR6/oGR11,

  oGR2/oGR11

  oGR1/oGR12, oGR1/oGR14, oGR6/oGR12, oGR6/oGR13, oGR3/

  oGR11, oGR4/oGR11, oGR5/oGR11, oGR8/oGR11, oGR9/oGR11

It would be apparent to a person skilled in the art that other primer combinations will also result in the isolation of DNA fragments encoding for fluorescent proteins, such as the primer combinations. oGR1/oGR13,

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oGR2/oGR10, oGR2/oGR12, oGR2/oGR13, oGR2/oGR14, oGR3/oGR10, oGR3/oGR12, oGR3/oGR13, oGR3/oGR14, oGR4/oGR10, oGR4/oGR12, oGR4/oGR13, oGR4/oGR14, oGR5/oGR10, oGR5/oGR12, oGR5/oGR13, oGR5/oGR14, oGR7/oGR10, oGR7/oGR11, oGR7/oGR12, oGR7/oGR13, oGR8/oGR10, oGR8/oGR12, oGR8/oGR13, oGR9/oGR10, oGR9/oGR12, oGR9/oGR13.
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c) establishing bona fide sequences.

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After initial sequencing of the cloned DNA fragments, more specific primers were designed to isolate the relevant cDNA from the two species. For the Polythoa species:

ogR21:AAAGGCGTGCCCCTTCCTTTCGCTTTCGA;

oGR22:TGTCAACAGCATTCCAGTATGGCAACAGGGTA;

oGR23:TGAAGAGGGCGTTTGCACCACAAAGAGTG;

oGR24: AAAGGGGAGAAGCTTGACCCCAACGGCC;

oGR25:TTGAAAGCAGTCTGGTTGGCCTTTCTTGA;

20 oGR26:TGTGGTGCAAACGCCCTCTTCATATTTGAA;

oGR27:CCCTGTTGCCATACTGGAATGCTGTTGAC;

oGR28: AAGGAAGGGGCACGCCTTTAGTGACTGTAAG

oGR29:CTTGCCTTGTCCCTCTCCCGTGATCGTGA;

For the Discosoma species:

oGR40:CCAGTACGGCAACAGGGCATTCACCAAAT;

oGR41:GGGAAAGAACCATGAATTTTGAAGACGGG;

oGR42:CCCCCCATTGGCCCAGTTATGCAGAAGAA;

oGR43:GCCAATGGGGGGAAAGTTCGCACCATCAA;

30 oGR44:CGCCCCGTCTTCAAAATTCATGGTTCTT:

oGR45:CCTGTTGCCGTACTGGAACGCTGTTGTCA;

oGR46:TGGGAAGTCTTATGATGGCACCAATACCG;

oGR47:TTCAGGTAACCAAGGGTGGACCTCTGCCA;

OGR48: TGTCAGGCATCCCGAAGACATCGCTGATT:

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Following primer combinations are to be envisaged: oGR21/oGR20, oGR22/oGR20, oGR23/oGR20, oGR24/oGR20, 15 oGR25/oGR30/OGR31, oGR26/oGR30/OGR31, oGR27/oGR30/OGR31, oGR28/oGR30/OGR31, oGR29/oGR30/OGR31, oGR25/oGR16, oGR25/oGR18, oGR26/oGR16, oGR26/oGR18, oGR27/oGR16, oGR27/oGR18, oGR28/oGR16, oGR28/oGR18, oGR29/oGR16, oGR29/oGR18, 20 oGR39/oGR20, oGR40/oGR20, oGR41/oGR20, oGR42/oGR20, oGR43/oGR30/OGR31, oGR44/oGR30/OGR31, oGR45/oGR30/OGR31, oGR43/oGR16, oGR43/oGR18, oGR44/oGR16, oGR44/oGR18, oGR45/oGR16, oGR45/oGR18 oGR46/oGR20, oGR47/oGR20, oGR48/oGR20, oGR49/oGR20, 25 oGR50/oGR30/OGR31, oGR51/oGR30/OGR31, oGR52/oGR30/OGR31, oGR50/oGR16, oGR50/oGR18, oGR51/oGR16, oGR51/oGR18, oGR52/oGR16, oGR52/oGR18, oGR53/oGR20, oGR54/oGR20, oGR55/oGR20, oGR56/oGR20, oGR57/oGR30/OGR31, oGR58/oGR30/OGR31, 30 oGR59/oGR30/OGR31, oGR57/oGR16, oGR57/oGR18, oGR58/oGR16, oGR58/oGR18, oGR59/oGR16, oGR59/oGR18

d) 3' and 5' RACE experiments

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To clone the full length cDNA encoding for the fluorescent proteins of the Polythoa species and the Discosoma species, 3' and 5' RACE experiments were performed. To facilitate these experiments additional cDNA was prepared. Starting from the RNA isolations as described above, new first strand cDNA synthesis was performed using the SMART PCR cDNA Synthesis Kit (Cat. NO. K1052-1; Clontech). 3' RACE PCR, was performed according to the manufacturers instructions of the SMART PCR cDNA Synthesis Kit. The 5' RACE ends of the cDNA fragments were amplified using a step-out RACE strategy (Matz, M. et al. Amplification of cDNA ends based on template-switching effect and step-out PCR. Nucleic Acids Res. 27, 1558-1560 (1990)), or according to the manufacturers instructions of the SMART PCR cDNA Synthesis Kit.

The 3' ends of the Polythoa species were amplified in primary PCR reactions with the primer combinations oGR1-oGR20 and oGR2-oGR20. A sample of the primary PCR reaction was used as a template in nested PCR reactions using primer combinations oGR2-oGR20and oGR3-oGR20 respectively

The 3' ends of the Discosoma species were amplified in primary PCR reactions with the specific primer combination oGR39/oGR20 after which a nested PCR was performed with primer combinations oGR40/oGR20 or oGR41/oGR20 or oGR42/oGR20. Primary PCR with primers combination oGR41/oGR20 was nested with oGR42/oGR20, and primary PCR reaction with primer combination oGR47/oGR20 was nested with primer combination oGR49/oGR20. Finally PCR reaction with primer combination oGR49/oGR20 was nested with oGR42/oGR20

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The primary PCR conditions were: 1' at 94°C, 30 PCR cycles (30" at 94°C, 1' at 55°C and 5' at 68°C) followed by 5' at 68°C

The PCR conditions of this nested PCR were as followed: 1' at 94°C followed by 35 cycles (30" at  $94^{\circ}$ C, 1' at  $55^{\circ}$ C and 5' at  $72^{\circ}$ C) and 5' at  $72^{\circ}$ C.

The 5' ends of the Polythoa species were amplified in primary PCRs with the specific 5' RACE primers combinations: oGR16/oGR28, oGR16/oGR25,

oGR16/oGR26, oGR16/oGR27, oGR16/oGR28 and oGR16/oGR29. The following PCR conditions were used: 1' at 94°C, 20 PCR cycles (30" at 94°C, 1'30" at 72°C (-0.2°C/cycle)), 20 PCR cycles (30" at 94°C and 1'30" at 68°C) followed by 5' at 68°C.

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The 5' ends encoding for the Discosoma species fluorescent proteins were amplified according to the Step-Out PCR protocol as mentioned above. Primary PCRs with 5' RACE primers combinations oGR10/oGR30/oGR31 and nested with primers combinations oGR11/oGR30/oGR31 was performed.

Other primary PCR/ nested PCR combinations were: oGR11/oGR30/oGR31, nested with oGR12/oGR30/oGR31, oGR12/oGR30/oGR31, nested with oGR13/oGR30/oGR31,

oGR13/oGR30/oGR31, nested with oGR14/oGR30/oGR31, oGR43/oGR30/oGR31, nested with oGR44/oGR31 or oGR45/oGR31,

oGR44/oGR30/oGR31, nested with oGR45/oGR31, oGR50/oGR30/oGR31, nested with oGR51/oGR31 or

30 oGR52/oGR31,
 oGR51/oGR30/oGR31,nested with oGR52/oGR31,
 oGR52/oGR30/oGR31
 oGR59/oGR30/oGR31

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The primary and nested PCR conditions were: 1' at  $94^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 35 cycles of PCR (30" at  $94^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 1' at  $55^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 2' at  $72^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) followed by 5' at  $72^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The 5' ends of the Discosoma species were also amplified using specific 5' RACE primers combinations oGR43/oGR16, oGR43/oGR18, oGR44/oGR16, oGR44/oGR18, oGR45/oGR16, oGR45/oGR18, oGR50/oGR16, oGR50/oGR18, oGR51/oGR16, oGR51/oGR18, oGR52/oGR16, oGR52/oGR18 and oGR59/oGR16, oGR59/oGR18.

The PCR conditions were an initial denaturation of -1' at 94°C, followed by 20 cycles of touch down PCR (30" at 94°C, 1' at 72°C (-0.2°C/cycle)), followed by 20 cycles of PCR (30" at 94°C and 1' at 68°C) and 5' at 68°C.

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All the resulting PCR products of the 3' and 5' RACE PCRs were analyzed on agarose gel and the appropriate DNA bands of interest were isolated and cloned into the pCR-XL-TOPO vector (Cat. NO. K4700-20; Invitrogen) and further analyzed by sequence analysis.

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oGR16 AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT

oGR18: AAGCAGTGGTAACAACGCAGAGT

oGR30: GTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCAAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT

oGR31: GTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGC

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e) Cloning of full size cDNA encoding for fluorescent proteins from Anthozoa species.

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All cloning experiments were performed using standard protocols as provided by the manufacturers or as described by Ausubel et al. in Current Protocols in Molecular biology, ibid. Isolation of full length cDNA's was also performed using the Titan One tube RT PCR System (Boeringer Mannheim) The reactions were performed according to the manufacturers instructions.

Cloning of full size Polythoa 1 GFP cDNA i)

PCR was performed using specific primer combinations oGR32/oGR34, oGR32/oGR35, oGR33/oGR34 and oGR33/oGR35, and other primer combinations as described above. The resulting fragments were isolated and cloned in appropriate vectors, mainly the pCR-XL-TOPO vector.

The resulting plasmid was designated pGR22 (using primer combination oGR33:

CTTGGTGATTTGGGAGAAGGCAGATCGAG and oGR34: 20 CGTCTTGGCTTTTCGTTAAGCCTTTACTGGGG). Polythoa 1 GFP cDNA was amplified by PCR using plasmid DNA pGR22 as template and the primers: oGR68: CTGGAATTCTATTACTTTGAGTCTACCATCATGAGTGCAATT and oGR72: 25

CGTATCTCGAGCGTCTTGGCTTTTCGTTAAGCCTTTACTGGGG. The resulting PCR products were analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis and the DNA of interest was isolated and cloned into the pCR-XL-TOPO vector. The resulting plasmid was designated pGR26.

ii) Cloning of full size Polythoa 2 GFP cDNA:

To isolate the full size cDNA clone of the Polythoa species (here designated Polythoa 2), the

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Titan One Tube RT-PCR System (Cat. NO. 1888382, Boehringer Mannheim) was used. The reactions were performed according to the manufacturers procedure, using specific primers oGR32 till oGR38. More particularly the following primer combinations were successful: oGR32/oGR34, oGR32/oGR35, oGR33/oGR34, oGR33/oGR35, oGR36/oGR37 and oGR36/oGR38.

10 ogr32: ACCTTGGTGATTTGGGAGAGGCAGATCGAGAG;

oGR33: CTTGGTGATTTGGGAGAAGGCAGATCGAG;

oGR34: CGTCTTGGCTTTTCGTTAAGCCTTTACTGGGG;

oGR35: GAGAAACTTCTTTTTCACTTTGTTGTCGTCTTG;

oGR36: GACACTGGTGATTTGGGAGAAGGCAGATC;

ogr38: GCCATAATCTGAAGAGGAGAATTGCGAGCCAC).

The resulting PCR products were analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis and the DNA of interest was isolated and cloned into the pCR-XL-TOPO vector. The resulting plasmids were designated pGR1 (using primers combination oGR32/oGR34) and pGR8 (using primers combination oGR36/oGR38)

25 iii) Cloning of full size Discosoma 1 GFP cDNA

As in the previous experiments, specific primers were designed based upon the available sequence information resulting from earlier PCR reactions and 3' and 5 'RACE PCR experiments. The isolation of a full length cDNA is analogous as described above.

iv) Cloning of full size Discosoma 2 GFP cDNA

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As in the previous experiments, specific primers were designed based upon the available sequence information resulting from earlier PCR reactions and 3' and 5 ' RACE PCR experiments. The isolation of a full length cDNA is analogous as described above.

#### Cloning of new fluorescent proteins cDNA in <u>2)</u> expression vectors

10 a) Cloning of Polytho2 GFP cDNA in prokaryotic expression vector:

Polythoa 2 GFP cDNA was amplified by PCR using plasmid DNA pGR1 as template and the primers: oGR69:CTGGAATTCTCTACCGTCATGAGTGCAATTAAACCAGTCA and oGR70: CGTATCTCGAGATTGCGAGCCACGGCAACTTCATACAGC. or by using plasmid DNA pGR8 as template and the primers oGR68: CTGGAATTCTATTACTTTGAGTCTACCATCATGAGTGCAATT and oGR72: CGTATCTCGAGCGTCTTGGCTTTTCGTTAAGCCTTTACTGGGG.

The PCR product was purified and digested with the restriction enzymes EcoRI and XhoI and cloned in EcoRI/XhoI cloning sites of the expression vector pET32A (Cat. NO. 69015-3; Novagen), the resulting vectors were designated pGR3, and pGR7 respectively. The resulting expression in E.coli resulted in visual observation of the fluorescent protein, without induction or UV treatment indicating high expression levels or a fluorescent protein with a high emission amplitude.

b) Cloning of Polytho2 in eukaryotic expression vector:

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Polythoa 2 cDNA was amplified by PCR using plasmid DNA pGR8 as template, and the primers combinations oGR69/oGR70 or oGR69/oGR71:
 oGR69:CTGGAATTCTCTACCGTCATGAGTGCAATTAAACCAGTCA oGR70:

CGTATCTCGAGATTGCGAGCCACGGCAACTTCATACAGC.
 oGR71: CGTATCTCGAGGCCATAATCTGAAGAGGAGAATTGCGAGCCAC
 The PCR product was purified and digested with the restriction enzymes EcoRI and XhoI and cloned in EcoRI/XhoI cloning sites of the expression vector

O pCDNA3 (Invitrogen), the resulting vectors were designated pGR4 and pGR5 respectively.

c) Cloning of Polytho2 in C. elegans expression vector:

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Polythoa 2 cDNA was amplified by PCR using plasmid DNA pGR1 as template, and the primers: oGR74: CGTCGGCGCCCACCACCATGAGTGCAATTAAGCCAGTTATGAA and oGR72:

20 CGTATCTCGAGCGTCTTGGCTTTTCGTTAAGCCTTTACTGGGG.

The PCR product was purified and digested with the restriction enzymes EcoRI and XhoI and cloned in EcoRI/XhoI cloning sites of the expression vector pDW2700, the resulting vector was designated pGR6.

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d) Cloning of Polythoa 1 GFP cDNA in prokaryotic expression vector:
An 752bp EcoRI/XhoI fragment of pGR26 was isolated, purified and ligated into the EcoRI/XhoI cloning sites of the expression vector pCDNA3 (Invitrogen). The resulting vector was designated pGR24. The resulting expression in COSI cells resulted in visual observation of the flurescent protein, after UV treatment.

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e) Cloning of Polythoa 1 GFP cDNA in eukaryotic expression vector:

An 752bp EcoRI/XhoI fragment of pGR26 was isolated, purified and ligated into the EcoRI/XhoI cloning sites of the expression vector pET32A (Cat. NO. 69015-3; Novagen). The resulting vector was designated pGR25.

#### Expression of new fluorescent proteins. 3)

10 expression of Polythoa 2 GFP in E. coli-~~ a)

> Expression in E.coli was performed according the instructions of the pET32A provider (Novagen). Both the plasmids pGR3 and pGR7 resulted in clear expression in E. coli.

- expression of Polythoa 2 GFP in Mammalian b) cells
- 20 COS I : African green monkey kidney cell line, standardly cultured in DMEM with Na-pyruvate supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum (Life ... Technologies) and antibiotics (Pen/Strep; Life Technologies), was transfected with pGR4.
- The cells were seeded at a concentration of 1.5 x 104 25 cells/well in 24-well plate and 7.5 x 104 cells/well in 1 well coverglass and trandsfected the day after with Lipofectamine Plus reagent (GibcoBRL 10964-013), according to the manufacturers instructions.
- The following day, the cells where washed twice with 30 PBS (Life Technologies), and complete medium (1ml for 24-well, 3ml for coverglass) was added. Fluorescence of the cells after 24 hours was observed by using UVlight of the microscoop with filter 450-490

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(FT510 ;LP520). Both the plasmids pGR4 and pGR5 resulted in clear expression in Cos I cells

Expression of Polythoa 2 GFP in C. elegans. C)

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C. elegans wild-type strain was transformed with pGR6 using microinjection techniques known in the art, and described in Methods in Cell Biology, Vol48: C. elegans, Modern biological analysis off an organism,

10 Fed. by Epstein and Shakes. pGR6 resulted in clear\_\_\_ expression of GFP in C.elegans.

#### Mutant fluorescent proteins 4)

To further improve the characteristics of the isolated 15 mutant fluorescent proteins, mutagenesis experiments were performed. Improvements of the fluorescent proteins can be of different nature, such as improved absorption spectra, improved emissions spectra, enhancement of the chromophore, etc. 20

Site directed mutagenesis can be performed as described in Current protocols in Molecular Biology, ed by Ausubel et al, or as provided in the by the QuickChange Site-Directed Mutagenesis Kit (Stratagene, CA. USA) or by related methods as known in the art. Random mutagenesis, and more particularly molecular evolution techniques can be performed as described by Kunchner and Arnold, 1997, tibtech 15:523-530; Stemmer, 1994, Nature 370:389-391; Stemmer, 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:10747-10751, or by

related methods as known in the art.

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During the cloning of the full length cDNA's in the vectors using PCR technology, mutant fluorescent proteins were created. More particularly the plasmids pGR3, pGR4, pGR5, and pGR8 contain a mutant Polythoa 2 N41D GFP, while plasmid pGR7 expresses a Polythoa 2 Q136R GFP mutant and pGR10 is expresses a I106T mutant. The expression experiments described above clearly indicate that mutations introduced in the newly isolated fluorescent proteins, conserves the basic fluorescence property of the protein.

## Back mutating towards natural occurring GFP

The mutation Q136R in pGR7 was remutagenised towards the natural occurring Polythoa 2 FP using the 15 QuikChange Site Directed Mutagenesis Kit and the primers ogr90: GACCCCAACGGCCCAATTATGCAGAAGAAGACCCTGAAATGGGAG

and oGR91:

CTCCCATTTCAGGGTCTTCTTCTGCATAATTGGGCCGTTGGGGTC. 20 resulting vector was designated pGR13

#### Construction of a Polythoa 2-discosoma 1 hybrid <u>5)</u> GFP

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a) Cloning of a Polythoa 2-discosoma 1 hybrid GFP cDNA in prokaryotic expression vector:

The 3' end of the Discosoma species was amplified in primary PCR reaction with the specific primer 30 combination oGR39/oGR20 as mentioned above (see 1)d). The resulting PCR products were analyzed on agarose gel and the appropriate DNA band of interest was isolated and cloned into the pCR-XL-TOPO vector (Cat.

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NO. K4700-20; Invitrogen). The resulting vector was designated pGR17. Plasmid DNA of pGR17 was digested with the restriction enzymes EcoRV and StuI and analyzed on agarose gel. The appropriate band of 525bp was isolated and cloned into the 3736 bp EcoRV 5 fragment of pGR1. The resulting vector was designated pGR14. The resulting expression in E.coli resulted in visual observation of the fluorescent protein, after UV treatment. An 124bp EcoRI-HindIII fragment of pCDNA3.1/hisA (Invitrogen) was isolated, purified-and 10 ligated into the 4212bp EcoRI-HindIII fragment of pGR14. The resulting vector was designated pGR15. The resulting expression in E.coli resulted in visual observation of the fluorescent protein, after UV 15 treatment.

- b) Cloning of a Polythoa 2-Discosoma 1 hybrid GFP cDNA in eukaryotic expression vector:
- Polythoa 2 Discosoma 1 hybrid cDNA was 20 amplified by PCR using plasmid DNA pGR14 as a template and the primers: oGR69: CTGGAATTCTCTACCGTCATGAGTGCAATTAAACCAGTCA and oGR96: CGTACCTCGAGCCTTTACTTGGTCAGCCGGCTCGGCAGCTTGG. The PCR product was purified and cloned in the cloning vector 25 pCR-XL-TOPO. ). The resulting vector was designated pGR19. The 705 bp EcoRI/XhoI fragment of pGR19 was isolated, purified and cloned in EcoRI/XhoI cloning sites of the expression vector pCDNA3 (Invitrogen)). The resulting vector was designated pGR18. The 30 resulting expression in COSI cells resulted in visual observation of the fluorescent protein, after UV treatment.

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c) Cloning of a Polythoa 2-discosoma 1 hybrid GFP cDNA in C. elegans expression vector:

Polythoa 2 - Discosoma 1 hybrid cDNA was amplified by PCR using plasmid DNA pGR14 as template, 5 and the primer combination oGR75: CGTCGGCGCGCCATCATGAGTGCAATTAAACCAGTCATGAAGAT and ogR96: CGTACCTCGAGCCTTTACTTGGTCAGCCGGCTCGGCAGCTTGG. The PCR product was purified and cloned in the cloning vector pCR-XL-TOPO. The resulting vector was 10 designated pGR21. The 700 bp AscI/XhoI fragment of pGR21 was isolated, purified and cloned in the AscI/XhoI cloning site of the expression vector pDW2700. The resulting vector was designated pGR20. The resulting expression in C. elegans resulted in 15 visual observation of the fluorescent protein, after UV treatment.

# 6) Establishing the excitation and emission spectra of the new green fluorescent proteins

'Isolation of protein from Polythoa 2 GFP, Polythoa2 N41D GFP and Polythoa 2-discosoma 2 fusion GFP.

The fluorescent proteins were expressed in E. coli from vector pGR3 (N41D), pGR7(Q136R), pGR13 (back-mutation, natural occurring Polythoa 2 FP), pGR15 (Polythoa-discosoma hybrid protein) and purified using the BugBuster Protein Extraction Reagent (Cat. NO.:

70584-3; Novagen) and the His-Bind Buffer Kit (Cat. NO.:69755-3; Novagen) according to the manufacturers instructions.

The excitation and emission spectra of the samples were then determined. All samples were excited at

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490nm. The spectra were corrected for photomultiplierresponse and monochromator transmittance, transformed to wave number and integrated. All experiments were performed in a Amico Bowman Series 2 Luminescence spectrometer (SLM-Amico Spectronic instruments)

# 1) Synthetic Polythoa 2 Fluorescent protein with optimal codon usage for C. elegans.

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To enhance the performance of the fluorescent proteins in organisms other than the Cnidaria species from which these fluorescent proteins were isolated, the codon usage was altered. Although the genetic code is considered to be universal, every organism has its preferred codon usage, which is related to the presence and the expression of tRNA genes, and hence is involved in post-transcriptional expression regulation. Such optimal codon usage has been determined for many organisms, including E.coli (Dong et al., 1996, J. Mol. Biol. 260:649-663), B. subtilis (Kanaya et al., 1999, Gene 238:143-155), Drosophila (Moriyama et al., 1997, J. Mol. Evol. 45:514-523) Saccharomyces ( Percudani et al., 1997, J. Mol Biol.268:322-330), C. elegans (Stenico, et al., 1994, NAR 22:2437-2446). An overview of codon usage in these and other organisms can be found in Duret et al., 1999, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96: 4482-4487 and in Ikemura, 1985, Mol. Biol. Evol. 2:13-43.

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The synthetic 922 bp gene was amplified using herculase-polymerase at Entechelon, Germany and was delivered as a ligation product. This product was cloned into pCR-XL-TOPO (pGR16). The 888bp FseI-NheI

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fragment of pGR16 was cloned into the FseI/NheI cloning sites of the expression vector pDW2721 and the resulting vector was designated pGR10. This plasmid was injected in C. elegans, and clearly resulted in fluorescence

## 2) Synthetic introns in worm construct

In many organisms, such as in C.elegans, the

introduction of synthetic introns results in
enhancements of expression levels (Fire et al., 1990,
Gene 93:189-98, end references therein).

An example is hereby included of a Polythoa 2
fluorescent protein improved for optimal codon usage
for C. elegans and with synthetic C.elegans introns.
Such synthetic genes can be made easily by a person
skilled in the art, or be ordered by companies such as
Entelechon, Rgensburg, Germany.

## 20 Fusion proteins

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GFP proteins have been used for many purposes in biological research. The main use nevertheless has been the expression pattern of proteins in cells and multi-cellular organisms, and the subcellular localization or trafficking of proteins. To determine the expression pattern of a protein using GFP's it suffices in principle to make a fusion between the promoter of the gene of interest and the GFP. Upon introducing a vector with this promoter GFP fusion into the studied cell or organism, the expression induced by the promoter can easily be monitored by following the GFP expression. To monitor the subcellular expression of a protein, it suffices to

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make a fusion between the protein of interest and the GFP protein. this can be done at the N-terminal site or at the C-terminal site of the GFP protein, and even internal fusions are possible. Plasmids pGR3, pGR7 and pGR13 are good examples of such fusion proteins as they contain a 109 throredoxin Aminoacid fragment in fusion with the Polythoa 2 GFP. This fusion protein shows clear fluorescence.

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## TABLE 1

	prir	mers	5'3'
	oG	GR1	CACCACATGGAAGGAWRYKTNRAYGG
	00	GR2	ACCACATGGAAGGATGCKTNRAYGGNCA
5	00		AATTTGTGATCAAGGGCRARGGNRWNGG
	00		GTGATCAAAGGTGGACCNYTNCCNTT
	<u> </u>		GACATATTGTCAACAGAGTTYMANTAYG
	<u> </u>		CATATTGTCAACAGAGTTYMANTAYGG
			ATCCTGACGACATACCAGAYTAYHWNAA
10			GACTATTTCAAGCAGTCGTKYCCNGMNGG
±0	ļ		CATGGGAAAGGTCCTTGCAYTWYGARGA
	<u> </u>		GGTGACATCTCCTTTCARNAYNCC
			COTOAOATOTOATTOATTOA
	· —		CATATTCTCAGTGGANGSNTCCCA
15			CACAGGTCCATCGSNAGGRAARTT
13			CCATCGGCAGGAAARTTNANNCC
			TGAATACCCTGTTTCCRTANTKRAA
			AAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT
			AAGCAGTGGTAACAACGCAGAGT
			GTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCCGCAGTCGACCGTTTTTTTT
20	· -		AAAGGCGTGCCCTTCCTTTCGCTTTCGA
			TGTCAACAGCATTCCAGTATGGCAACAGGGTA
	οG	R23	TGAAGAGGGCGTTTGCACCACAAAGAGTG
	oG	R24	AAAGGGGAGAAGCTTGACCCCAACGGCC
	οG	R25	TTGAAAGCAGTCTGGTTGGCCTTTCTTGA
25	οG	R26	TGTGGTGCAAACGCCCTCTTCATATTTGAA
	oG	R27	CCCTGTTGCCATACTGGAATGCTGTTGAC
	οG	R28	AAGGAAGGGCACGCCTTTAGTGACTGTAAG
	oG	R29	CTTGCCTTGTCCCTCTCCCGTGATCGTGA
	оG	R30	GTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCAAGCAGTGGTATCAACGCAGAGT
30	oG	R31	GTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGC
	оG	R32	ACCTTGGTGATTTGGGAGAAGGCAGATCGAGAG
	οG	R33	CTTGGTGATTTGGGAGAAGGCAGATCGAG
	οG	R34	CGTCTTGGCTTTTCGTTAAGCCTTTACTGGGG
	oG	R35	GAGAAACTTCTTTTCACTTTGTTGTCGTCTTG
35	oG	R36	GACACTGGTGATTTGGGAGAAGGCAGATC
	οG	R37	ATTGCGAGCCACGGCAACTTCATACAGC
	οG	R38	GCCATAATCTGAAGAGGAGAATTGCGAGCCAC
	oG	R39	GGAGAAGGAAGGAAAACCATACGAGGG
			CCAGTACGGCAACAGGGCATTCACCAAAT
40	oG		GGGAAAGAACCATGAATTTTGAAGACGGG
	٥G		CCCCCATTGGCCCAGTTATGCAGAAGAA
	٥Ĝ		GCCAATGGGGGAAAGTTCGCACCATCAA
	oG		CGCCCCGTCTTCAAAATTCATGGTTCTT
			CCTGTTGCCGTACTGGAACGCTGTTGTCA
45			TGGGAAGTCTTATGATGGCACCAATACCG
	<b> </b>		TTCAGGTAACCAAGGGTGGACCTCTGCCA
			TGTCAGGCATCCCGAAGACATCGCTGATT
		R49	CATGCACTTTGAAGACGTGGCGTGTGTT
	100		CATGOACTTICAAGACGGTGGGTGTGTT

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	٦	GR50	TCATTGGTGATACAACACGCCACCGTC
	7	GR51	CATGACCCTTTCCCATGTAAATCCTTCGGGA
	7	GR52	TTGTGGTGACAAATAGGCCAAGCAAATGGC
	(	GR53	GAAATAAAAGGCGACGGTCACGGGAAGCC
5	7	GR54	CATGGTAACCAAGGGTGGACCCCTGCCAT
	(	GR55	AAANCTGTCGTTTCCCGAGGGATTTACAT
	7	GR56	TGGCGTGATTTGCAGCNCCAATGATATCA
	-	GR57	CGCCACCGNCTTCAAAGTGCATGACCCTT
	7	GR58	ANCGGCTATGTCTTCAGGGTGCTTGACAA
10	-	GR59	GGTCCACCCTTGGTTACCATGAGCTTGACGTT
	7	GR68	CTGGAATTCTATTACTTTGAGTCTACCATCATGAGTGCAATT
		GR69	CTGGAATTCTCTACCGTCATGAGTGCAATTAAACCAGTCA
	الماسية-	GR70	CGTATCTCGAGATTGCGAGCCACGGCAACTTCATACAGC
	[6	GR71	CGTATCTCGAGGCCATAATCTGAAGAGGAGAATTGCGAGCCAC
15		GR72	CGTATCTCGAGCGTCTTGGCTTTTCGTTAAGCCTTTACTGGGG
	[0	GR74	CGTCGGCGCGCCACCACCATGAGTGCAATTAAGCCAGTTATGAA
	G	GR75	CGTCGGCGCGCCATCATGAGTGCAATTAAACCAGTCATGAAGAT
	G	GR90	GACCCCAACGGCCCAATTATGCAGAAGAAGACCCTGAAATGGGAG
		GR91	CTCCCATTTCAGGGTCTTCTTCTGCATAATTGGGCCGTTGGGGTC
20		GR96	CGTACCTCGAGCCTTTACTTGGTCAGCCGGCTCGGCAGCTTGG
		GR97	CGTACCTCGAGGATGGATCCTTTACTTGGTCAGCCG
25			

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	Tabe 2	Primer combin	<u>ations</u>
	oGR1	oGR10	
	oGR1	oGR11	
	oGR1	oGR12	
5	oGR1	oGR13	
	oGR1	oGR14	
	oGR1	oGR20	
	oGR10	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR11	oGR30	oGR31
10	oGR12	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR13	oGR30	oGR31 oGR31
	oGR14	oGR30 oGR25	10001
	oGR16	oGR26	
15	oGR16	oGR27	<del> </del>
	oGR16	oGR28	╂──┤
	oGR16	oGR29	<del> </del>
	oGR2		<del>                                     </del>
		oGR10	<del> </del>
20	oGR2	oGR11	ļ
20	oGR2	oGR12	<del> </del>
	oGR2	oGR13	<u> </u>
	oGR2	oGR14	ļ
	oGR2	oGR20	
	oGR21	oGR20	<u> </u>
25	oGR22	oGR20	
	oGR23	oGR20	
	oGR24	oGR20	
	oGR25	oGR16	
	oGR25	oGR18	
30	oGR25	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR26	oGR16	
	oGR26	oGR18	
	oGR26	oGR30	oGR31
o 5	oGR27	oGR16	<u> </u>
35	oGR27	oGR18	-
	oGR27	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR28	oGR16	
	oGR28	oGR18	CD21
40	oGR28	oGR30 oGR16	oGR31
4 U		oGR18	<del> </del>
	oGR29		oCD21
	oGR29 oGR3	oGR30 oGR10	oGR31
	oGR3	oGR11	<del>                                     </del>
45	oGR3	oGR12	
4 J	10010	100112	1

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	oGR3	oGR13	
	oGR3	oGR14	
	oGR3	oGR20	
	oGR32	oGR33	
5	oGR32	oGR34	
	oGR32	oGR35	
	oGR33	oGR34	
	oGR33	oGR35	
	oGR34	oGR35	
10	oGR36	oGR37	
	oGR36	oGR38	
~-	~ oGR39	oGR20	
	oGR4	oGR10	
	oGR4	oGR11	
15	oGR4	oGR12	
	oGR4	oGR13	
	oGR4	oGR14	
	oGR40	oGR20	
	oGR41	oGR20	
20	oGR42	oGR20	
•	oGR43	oGR16	
	oGR43	oGR18	
	oGR43	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR44	oGR16	
25	oGR44	oGR18	
	oGR44	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR44	oGR31	
	oGR45	oGR16	
20	oGR45	oGR18	
30	oGR45	oGR30 oGR31	oGR31
	oGR46	oGR20	
	oGR47	oGR20	
	oGR48	oGR20	<del> </del>
35		oGR20	
<i>J J</i>	oGR49	oGR10	
	<u> </u>	oGR11	
	oGR5	oGR12	-
	·	oGR12	
40	oGR5		
-1 U	oGR5	oGR14	<del> </del>
	oGR50	oGR16	
	oGR50	oGR18	oCP31
	oGR50 oGR51	oGR30 oGR16	oGR31
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	oGR51	oGR18	
	oGR51	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR51	oGR31	00101
	oGR52	oGR16	
5	oGR52	oGR18	
3	oGR52	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR52	oGR31	00101
	oGR53	oGR20	
	oGR54	oGR20	
10	oGR55	oGR20	
	oGR56	oGR20	
	oGR57	oGR16	
	oGR57	oGR18	
	oGR57	oGR30	oGR31
15	oGR58	oGR30	00101
-	oGR58	oGR18	
	oGR58	oGR30	oGR31
	oGR59	oGR16	
	oGR59	oGR18	
20	oGR59	oGR30	oGR31
_ •	oGR6	oGR10	
<del></del> .	oGR6	oGR11	
	oGR6	oGR12	
	oGR6	oGR13	
25	oGR68	oGR72	
	oGR69	oGR70	
	oGR69	oGR71	
	oGR69	oGR96	
	oGR69	oGR97	
30	oGR7	oGR10	
	oGR7	oGR11	
	oGR7	oGR12	
	oGR7	oGR13	
	oGR72	oGR74	
35	oGR75	oGR96	
	oGR75	oGR97	
	oGR8	oGR10	
	oGR8	oGR11	
	oGR8	oGR12	
40	oGR8	oGR13	
	oGR9	oGR10	
	oGR9	oGR11	
	oGR9	oGR12	
	oGR9	oGR13	

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#### **CLAIMS**:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a fluorescent protein comprising an amino acid sequence illustrated in any of the polypeptide sequences of figures, 3(a) to 3(d) or functional equivalents, fragments or variants thereof.
- 2. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein capable of emitting fluorescence upon irradiation by incident light, wherein said maximal absorbance of said incident light is in the range 440-480 nm, and maximal fluorescence emission is in the range 470-510 nm.
  - 3. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 2, wherein said molecule encodes a protein having an amino acid sequence as depicted in any of the polypeptide sequences of Figures 3(a) to 3(d).
    - 4. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 wherein said fluorescent protein comprises an amino acid sequence having combined polypeptide sequences from at least 2 of the polypeptide sequences depicted in Figures 3(a) to 3(d).
    - 5. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 4 wherein said protein comprises a Polythoa 2-Discosoma 1 hybrid having the sequence illustrated in Figure 7.
    - 6. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a fusion protein comprising an amino acid sequence

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depicted in any of Figures 3(a) to 3(d) together with a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein of interest.

- 7. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 6 wherein said fusion protein comprises the amino acid sequences depicted in Figures 4 and 5.
- 8. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 5 wherein said protein of interest is an antibody.
  - 9. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to any of claims 1 to 8, which is a DNA molecule.
- 10. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 9, wherein said DNA molecule is cDNA.
- 11. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to any of claims 1 to 10, which is derived from an 20 Anthozoa species.
  - 12. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 11, wherein said Anthozoa species is any of a Polythoa or Discosoma species.
  - 13. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to any preceding claim, wherein said molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence which has at least 70, preferably at least 80, more preferably at least 90 and even more preferably at least 95% sequence identity to the nucleic acid sequences depicted in Figure 1.

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14. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to any preceding claim, wherein said nucleic acid molecule comprises any of the nucleic acid sequences depicted in Figure 1.

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- 15. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 13 comprising any of the nucleotide sequences depicted in Figure 2(a) or 2(b).
- 10 16. An antisense molecule capable of hybridising to a nucleic acid molecule according to any of claims 1 to 13, under conditions of high stringency.
- 17. An isolated fluorescent protein or
  functional equivalent, derivative or variant thereof
  encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to any of
  claims 1 to 13.
- 20 18. An isolated fluorescent protein capable of emitting fluorescence upon irradiation by incident light wherein the maximal absorbance of said incident light is in the range 440-480 nm, and maximal fluorescence emission is in the range 470-510 nm.

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- 19. An isolated fluorescent protein comprising an amino acid sequence which has at least 70, preferably at least 80, more preferably at least 90 and even more preferably at least 95% sequence identifying to the amino acid sequence depicted in Figures 3 to 8.
- 20. An isolated fluorescent protein comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding substantially the

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polypeptide sequences depicted in any of Figures 3 to 8.

- 21. An isolated fusion fluorescent protein comprising a fluorescent protein according to any of claims 16 to 20 together with the amino acid sequence of a protein or polypeptide of interest.
- 22. A fluorescently labelled antibody or a

  10 paratope thereof coupled to a fluorescent protein—
  according to any of claims 16 to 20.
  - 23. An expression vector comprising any of the nucleic acid molecules according to claims 1 to 15.
- 24. An expression vector comprising any of the plasmid sequences depicted in Figures 9 to 14.
- 25. An expression vector comprising the 20 sequences of any of plasmids pGR8 to pGR20.
  - 26. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to any of claims 23 to 25.
  - 27. A prokaryotic cell transformed or transfected with any of expression vectors pGR3, pGR7 depicted in Figures 9 and 13 or pGR13.
- 30 28. A prokaryotic cell according to claim 25 which is *E.coli*.
  - 29. A eukaryotic cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector corresponding

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substantially to the plasmids designated pGR4 or PGR5 in Figures 10 or 11.

- 30. A transgenic cell tissue or non-human organism comprising a transgene capable of expressing a fluorescent protein according to any of claims 17 to 21 or an antibody according to claim 22.
- 31. A transgenic cell, tissue or non-human
  10 organism according to claim 30, wherein said transgene
  is included in an expression vector.
- 32. A transgenic cell, tissue or non-human organism according to claim 31, wherein said vector is one according to claim 23.
  - 33. A transgenic cell, tissue or non-human organism wherein said non-human organism is C-elegans and said transgene substantially corresponds to a nucleotide sequence as depicted in Figure 12.
  - 34. A fluorescent protein, or a functional equivalent, derivative or bioprecursor thereof, expressed by a cell, tissue or organism according to any of claims 27 to 33.
    - 35. A process for producing the protein of any one of claims 17 to 21, comprising the steps of cultivating a cell tissue or organism according to any of claims 24 to 33 under conditions suitable for expression of the protein and optionally recovering the expressed protein.

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- 36. An oligonucleotide probe comprising at least about 10 nucleotides of a nucleotide sequence that is capable of selectively hybridising to a nucleic acid molecule according to any of claims 1 to 15.
- 37. A method for selecting cells capable of expressing a protein of interest, comprising introducing into said cells a vector comprising the nucleotide sequence of a fluorescent protein according to any of claims 17 to 22 operatively linked to a promoter or regulatory region of the protein of interest, cultivating the cell under conditions necessary for expressing the protein of interest and monitoring for any fluorescence following expression of said fluorescent protein.
  - 38. A method for producing fluorescence resonance energy transfer comprising;
- providing a donor molecule comprising a fluorescent protein according to any of claims 17 to 21;

providing an appropriate acceptor molecule for the fluorescent protein; and

- bringing the donor molecule and acceptor molecule into sufficiently close contact to allow fluorescent resonance energy transfer.
- 39. A method for producing fluorescence resonance30 energy transfer comprising;

providing an acceptor molecule comprising a fluorescent protein according to any of claims 17 to 21;

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providing an appropriate donor molecule for the fluorescent protein; and

bringing the donor molecule and acceptor molecule into sufficiently close contact to allow fluorescence resonance energy transfer.

- 40. A microscopic nematode comprising a transgene capable of expressing a fluorescent protein according to any of claims 17 to 20.
- 41. A nematode according to claim 40 which is C.elgans.
- 42. A fluorescent protein obtainable from the coral species Anthozoa.
  - 43. A fluorescent protein according to claim 41 which is obtainable from Discosoma or Polythoa.
- 20 44. A fluorescent protein according to claim 42 or 43 which is capable of emitting fluorescence upon irradiation by incident light wherein the maximal absorbance of said incident light is in the range 440-480 nm, and maximal fluorescence emission is in the range 470-510 nm.
  - 45. A fluorescent protein according to claim 42 or 43 comprising an amino acid sequence which has at least 70, preferably at least 80, more preferably at least 90 and even more preferably at least 95% sequence identifying to the amino acid sequence depicted in Figures 3 to 8

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(a)

!

CDNA fragment of polythoa 1 encoding for a fluorescent protein Start codon ATG and stop codon TAA are indicated.

```
1 acgcggggat tcaccttggt gatttgggag aaggcagatc gagagcaaga gtcagtgtaa
  61 taacttactt tgagtctacc atcatgagtg caattaagcc agttatgaag gtagaattgg
 121 tcatggaagg aaatgtgaac gggcacaagt tcacgattac aggagaggga caaggcaagc
 181 cttacgaggg aactcacact ctaaacctta cagtcacaaa aggcgggccc cttcctttcg
 241 cttacgatat cttgtcarca gcattccagt acggcaacag ggtatttacc aaatacccag
 301 aagatatacc ggactatitc aagcagacct ttccagaagg atattcgtgg gaaagaactt
 361 tcaaatatga cgagggcctt tgcaccacaa aaagtgacat atgcctcaag aaaggcgaac
 421 cggactgctt tcaatacaaa atttactttg aagggaagaa ccttggcccc agcggtccaa
 481 ttatgcagaa gaagaccctg aaatgggagc catccactga gaggatgtac atggacgtgg
 541 ataaagacgg tgcaaaggtg ctgaagggcg atgataatgc ggccctgttg cttgaaggag
 601 gtggccatta tcgttgtgac ttcaatagta tttacaaggc gaagaaaact gggtccttgc
 661 cagcatatca ctggatagac caccgcattg agattttgag ccacgataaa gattacaaca
 721 aggttacaat gcatgaattt gccgctgctc gtaattctcc ttttccgata atggcgcccc
 781 agtaaaggct taacgaaaag ccaagacgac aacaaagtga aaaagaagtt tctcgtttac
 841 ttttttctga aggcatttat cactaattag cttttgatag ttttgattca cggattcgat
 901 ccatgaattt cttagggact agctctagaa taaatgattg tgaaacaaaa actagttttc
 961 atattttgcg agatttttca cttcataaag acagactttt taaactcagt tgtagccaaa
1021 tacaaataag gaaagtgtat taagaattaa acaaacttgt tgtggaaaaa taataaaaac
1081 ggtcgactgc ggccctataa tgagtcgtat tac
```

CDNA fragment of polythoa 2 encoding for a fluorescent protein Start codon ATG and stop codon TAA are indicated.

```
1 acgcggggac actggtgatt tgggagaagg cagatcgaga gcaagagtca gtgtaataac
 61 ttactttgag tctaccgtca tgagtgcaat taaaccagtc atgaagattg aattggtcat
 121 ggaaggagag gtgaacgggc acaagttcac gatcacggga gagggacaag gcaagcctta
181 cgagggaaca cagactctaa accttacagt cactaaaggc gtgccccttc ctttcgcttt
241 cgatatcttg tcaacagcat tccagtatgg caacagggta tttaccaaat acccagatga
301 tataccqqac tatttcaagc agacctttcc ggaaggatat tegtgggaaa gaactttcaa
161 atatgaagag ggcgtttgca ccacaaagag tgacataagc ctcaagaaag gccaaccaga
421 ctgctttcaa tataaaatta actttaaagg ggagaagctt gaccccaacg gcccaattat
481 gcagaagaag accetgaaat gggagecate caetgagagg atgtacatgg acgtggataa
541 agacggtgca aaggtgctga agggcgatgt taatgcggcc ctgttgcttg aaggaggtgg
601 ccattatcgt tgtgacttta acagtactta caaggcgaag aaaactgtgt ccttcccagc
 661 atatcacttt gtggaccacc gcattgagat tttgagccac aatacggatt acagcaaggt
721 tacactgtat gaagttgccg tggctcgcaa ttctcctctt cagattatgg cgccccagta
781 aaggettaac gaaacgecaa tacgacaaca aagtgaaaaa caagttttte gttattttt
 841 totgaaagca tttatcacta attagotttt gatagttttg attcacggat togatccgga
901 atttaatagg gactagetet agtetagaat aaacgattgt gtaacaaaaa ctagetttca
961 taatttgcgg gatttttcac ttcataaaga cagacttttt aaactcagtt gtagccaaat
1021 acaaataagg aaagcgtatt aagaattaaa caaacttgtt gtcgaaaaaa aaaaaaacgg
1081 tcgattgcgg ccctatagtg agtcgtatta c
```

CDNA fragment of discosoma 1 encoding for a fluorescent protein stop codon TAA are indicated.

```
1 caccacatgg aaggaagtgt ggacgggcaa aatttcgtga tcactggaga aggagaagga
61 aaaccatacg agggaacaca tgttatagac ctgcaagtcg ttgaaggcgg acctctgcgt
121 ttcgcttacg atatcttgac aacagcgttc cagtacggca acagggcatt caccaaatac
181 ccatcagata ttcctgacta tttcaagcag acttttcctc aaggggtatac atgggaaaga
241 accatgcact ttgaagacgg tggcgtgtg accgtcaata gcgacgtaag cctgaaaagc
301 ggctgttttg agtataaaat tcgttttgat ggtgagaact ttcccccaa tggcccagtt
361 atgcagaaga agactgtgaa atgggagca tccactgaga catgataga gcatgatagg
421 atgctgaagg gtgatgttag cagaactctg ttgcttgaag gaggtggcca ttaccaatgc
481 gactttaaaa ctatttacaa agcgaaggac agccagggaa tcaagatgc agaatatcac
541 tttgtggacc accgcattga gattttgac catgacaaag gattacaaggtg
```

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```
601 tatgagattg ccgaagctca ctattccaag ctgccgagcc ggctgaccaa gtaaaggcct
661 aaggaaaagc caacaagcca acaaggagga aaaaatacta gtgtttctag tacagtttt
721 taagccattt actaggaatt agttttaat acttcagatc gtttcgggat ttgttagaga
781 ttagcttacg aaaactgata ctcctagagt ttctagtatt gtttttaagc catttactcg
841 gaattagttt ttgatacttt agatcgtttc ggaatttgtt agagtttagc tttaaaaaaaa
901 tactagactg
```

CDNA fragment of discosoma 2 encoding for a fluorescent protein

```
1 caccacatgg aaggaagtgt tgacggccac tactttgaaa ttaaaggcaa tggatatggg
61 aagtcttatg atggcaccaa taccgtaaag cttcaggtaa ccaagggtgg acctctgcca
121 tttgcttggc ctattttgtc accacaattt caatatggaa acaagatatt tgtcaggcat
181 cccgaagaca tcgctgatta taaaaagctg tcatttcccg aaggatttac atgggaaagg
241 gtcatgcact ttgaagacgg tggcgtgtgt tgtatcacca atgatatcag tttggaaggc
301 aactgtttca tctaccacat caatttcatt ggcttgaact ttccttccga tggacctgtg
```

Fig 1 (contia)

(a)

(5)

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[bar=bottom]

DNA fragment encoding polythoa 2 with optimal codon usage for C. elegans as in plasmid pGR10.

```
1 atgtccgcta tcaagccagt catgaagatc gagctcgtca tggagggaga ggtcaacgga 61 cacaagttca ccatcaccgg agagggacag ggaaagccat acgagggaac ccagaccctc 121 aacctcaccg tcaccaaggg agtccactc ccattcgctt tcgacatcct ctccaccgct 181 ttccagtacg gaaaccgtgt cttcaccaag tacccagacg acatcccaga ctacttcaag 241 cagaccttcc cagagggata ctcctgggag cgtaccttca agtacgagga gggagtctgc 301 accaccaagt ccgacatctc cctcaagaag ggacagccag actgcttcca gtacaagatc 361 aacttcaagg gagagaagct ccaccaacac ggaccaatca tgcagaagaa gaccctcaag 421 tgggagcat ccaccgagcg tatgtacatg gacgtcgaca aggacgagac tcaacgctgc tctcctcctc gagggaggag gacactaccg ttgcagacatca 481 aagggagacg tcaacgctgc tctctcctc gagggaggag gacactaccg ttgcagactc 541 aactccacct acaaggctaa gaagaccgtc tccttccaag tcaccctt cgtcgacac 601 cgtatcgaga tcctctcca caagaccgac tactccaagg ttaccacct cgaggtcgct tcaccctta cgaggtcgct 661 gtcgctcgta actcccact ccagatcat ggctccacag
```

DNA fragment encoding polythoa 2 with optimal codon usage for C.elegans further including introns. the introns are underlined. Furthermore the starting codon ATG is preceded by a 5' UTR containing an Kozak site.

```
'1 tggctagcgt cgacggtacc ggtagaaaaa atgtccgcta tcaagccagt catgaagatc
 61 gagctcgtca tggagggaga ggtcaacgga cacaagttca ccatcaccgg agagggacag
121 ggaaagccat acgagggaac ccagaccctc aacctcaccg tcaccaaggg agtcccactc
181 ccattcgctt tcgtaagttt aaacatatat atactaacta accctgatta tttaaatttt
241 caggacatec tetecacege tttecagtae ggaaacegtg tetteaceaa gtacceagae
301 gacateccag actaetteaa geagacette eeagagggat acteetggga gegtaeette
361 aagtacgagg agggagtctg caccaccaag taagtttaaa cagttcggta ctaactaacc
421 atacatattt aaattttcag gtccgacatc tccctcaaga agggacagcc agactgcttc
481 cagtacaaga tcaacttcaa gggagagaag ctcgacccaa acggaccaat catgcagaag
541 aagaccctca agtgggagcc atccaccgag cgtatgtaca tggacgtcga caaggacgga
601 gctaaggtcc tcaaggtaag tttaaacttg gacttactaa ctaacggatt atatttaaat
661 tttcagggag acgtcaacgc tgctctcctc ctcgagggag gaggacacta ccgttgcgac
721 ttcaactcca cctacaaggc taagaagacc gtctccttcc cagcttacca cttcgtcgac
781 cacceptateg agatectete ccacaacace gactacteca aggteaccet etacgaggte
841 getgtegete gtaacteece actecagate atggeteeae agtagggeeg geegagetee
901 gcatcggccg ctgtc
```

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a

#### Protein sequence of polythoa 1

- 1 MSAIKPVMKV ELVMEGNVNG HKFTITGEGQ GKPYEGTHTL NLTVTKGGPL PFAYDILS**K**A 61 FQYGNRVFTK YPEDIPDYFK QTFPEGYSWE RTFKYDEGLC TTKSDICLKK GEPDCFQYKI 121 YFEGKNLGPS GPIMQKKTLK WEPSTERMYM DVDKDGAKVL KGDDNAALLL EGGGHYRCDF
- 181 NSIYKAKKTG SLPAYHWIDH RIEILSHDKD YNKVTMHEFA AARNSPFPIM APQ\*

## Protein sequence of polythoa 2

- 1 MSAIKPVMKI ELVMEGEVNG HKFTITGEGQ GKPYEGTQTL NLTVTKGVPL PFAFDILSTA 61 FQYGNRVFTK YPDDIPDYFK QTFPEGYSWE RTFKYEEGVC TTKSDISLKK GQPDCFQYKI 121 NFKGEKLDPN GPIMQKKTLK WEPSTERMYM DVDKDGAKVL KGDVNAALLL EGGGHYRCDF
- 181 NSTYKAKKTV SFPAYHFVDH RIEILSHNTD YSKVTLYEVA VARNSPLQIM APQ\*

# Protein sequence of the N-terminal part of discosoma 1

- 1 HHMEGSVDGQ NFVITGEGEG KPYEGTHVID LQVVEGGPLR FAYDILTTAF QYGNRAFTKY 61 PSDIPDYFKQ TFPQGYTWER TMHFEDGGVC TVNSDVSLKS GCFEYKIRFD GENFPPNGPV
- 121 MQKKTVKWEP STENMYEHDG MLKGDVSRTL LLEGGGHYQC DFKTIYKAKD SQGIKMPEYH
- 181 FVDHRIEILS HDKDYKMVKV YEIAEAHYSK LPSRLTK\*

# Protein sequence of an internal part of discosoma 2

1 HHMEGSVDGH YFEIKGNGYG KSYDGINTVK LQVTKGGPLP FAWPILSPQF QYGNKIFVRH 61 PEDIADYKKL SFPEGFTWER VMHFEDGGVC CITNDISLEG NCFIYHINFI GLNFPSDGPV

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polythoa 2 fluorescent fusion protein in pGR3

MSDKIIHLTDDSFDTDVLKADGAILVDFWAEWCGPCKMIAPILDEIADEYQGKLTVAKLNIDQNPGTAPK
YGIRGIPTLLLFKNGEVAATKVGALSKGQLKEFLDANLAGSGSGHMHHHHHHSSGLVPRGSGMKETAAAK
FERQHMDSPDLGTDDDDKAMADIGSEFSTVMSAIKPVMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTL
DLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNRVFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKK
GQPDCFQYKINFKGEKLDPNGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDF
NSTYKAKKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNLEHHHHHH\*

Fig 4

Polythoa 2 fluorescent fusion protein in pGR7

MSDKIIHLTDDSFDTDVLKADGAILVDFWAEWCGPCKMIAPILDEIADEYQGKLTVAKLNIDQNPGTAPK
YGIRGIPTLLLFKNGBVAATKVGALSKGQLKEFLDANLAGSGSGHMHHHHHSSGLVPRGSGMKETAAAK
FERQHMDSPDLGTDDDDKAMADIGSEFYYFESTIMSAIKPVMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEG
TQTLNLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNRVFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDI
SLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEKLDPNGPIMRKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHY
RCDFNSTYKAKKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ\*

lbar=bottom]

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( <del>a</del> )	pGR1	
(5)	pGR10	
(د)	pGR13	MSDKIIHLTDDSFDTDVLKADGAILVDFWAEWCGPCKMIAPILDEIADEYQGKLTVAKLN
(A)	pGR16	,
(a)	pGR3	MSDKIIHLTDDSFDTDVLKADGAILVDFWAEWCGPCKMIAPILDEIADEYQGKLTVAKLN
(t)	pGR4	
(3)	pGR5	
	pGR6	
CHI	pGR7	MSDKIIHLTDDSFDTDVLKADGAILVDFWAEWCGPCKMIAPILDEIADEYQGKLTVAKLN
(1)	pGR8	MODEL THU I DROLD I DA DI GRANZA DE LA CARLO CONTRA L'ADDITAD DE GORDE
(J) (K)	-	
(~)	POLYTHOA2	
	consensus	
		•
	pGR1	,
	pGR10	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	pGR13	IDQNPGTAPKYGIRGIPTLLLFKNGEVAATKVGALSKGQLKEFLDANLAGSGSGHMHHHH
	pGR16	
•	pGR3	IDQNPGTAPKYGIRGIPTLLLFKNGEVAATKVGALSKGQLKEFLDANLAGSGSGHMHHHH
	pGR4	
	pGR5	***************************************
	pGR6	
	pGR7	IDONPGTAPKYGIRGIPTLLLFKNGEVAATKVGALSKGQLKEFLDANLAGSGSGHMHHHH
	pGR8	
	POLYTHOA2	
	consensus.	
	·	, and and
	pGR1	MSATKE
	-	MSAIKP
	pGR10	HHSSGLVPRGSGMKETAAAKFERQHMDSPDLGTDDDDKAMADIGSEFYYFESTIMSAIKP
	pGR13	
	pGR16	MSAIKP HHSSGLVPRGSGMKETAAAKFEROHMDSPDLGTDDDDKAMADIGSEFSTVMSAIKP
	pGR3	
	pGR4	MSAIKP
	pGR5	MSAIKP
	pGR6	MSAIKP
	pgR7	HHSSGLVPRGSGMKETAAAKFERQHMDSPDLGTDDDDKAMADIGSEFYYFESTIMSAIKP
	pGR8	MSAIKP
	POLYTHOA2~	
	consensus	MSAIKP
	pGR1	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTIIGEGQGKPYECTQTLNLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNP
	pGR10	YMKIELYMEGEYNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTYTKGYPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNR
	pGR13	vmkielvmegevnghkftitgegqgkpyegtqtlnltvtkgvplpfafdilstafqygnr
	pGR16	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNR
	pGR3	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTL <mark>D</mark> LTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNR
	pGR4	vmkielvmegevnghkftitgegggkpyegtqtl <mark>d</mark> ltvtkgvplpfafdilstafqygnr
	pGR5	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTL <mark>D</mark> LTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNR
	pGR6	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNR
	pGR7	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGN?
•	pGR8	vmkielvmegevnghkftitgegogkpyegtotl <mark>d</mark> ltvtkgvplpfafdilstafqygnr
	POLYTHOA2	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKPTITGEGOGKPYEGTOTLNLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNR
	consensus	VMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLnLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAFQYGNR
	pGR1	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR10	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDESLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR13	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKOTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR16	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSD <mark>A</mark> SLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR3	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	_	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR4	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR5	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR6	
	pGR7	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	pGR8	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCFQYKINFKGEK
	POLYTHOA2	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKOTFPEGYSWERTFKYBEGVCTTKSDISLKKGOPDCFOYKINFKGEK
	consensus	VFTKYPDDIPDYFKQTPPEGYSWERTFKYEEGVCTTKSDISLKKGQPDCPQYKINFKGEK



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pGR1	Indenge imqkkanikmepstermymdydkogakylkgdynaalinlegggat kodens tide
pGR10	LDPNGPIMOKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR13	LDPNGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR16	LDPNGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR3	LDPNGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR4	LDPNGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR5	LDPNGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR6	LDPNGFIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR7	LDPNGPIM <mark>R</mark> KKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
pGR8	LDPNGFIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
POLYTHOA2	
consensus	LDPNGPIMqKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDVNAALLLEGGGHYRCDFNSTYKA
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
pGR1	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ
pGR10	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ
pGR13	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ
pGR16	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ
pGR3	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNLEHHHHHH
pGR4	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNLEHASREPYSIVSPKC
pGR5	KKTVSFFAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQI <mark>M</mark> ASSMHLEGPIL
pgr6	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ
pGR7	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ
pGR8	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSP <mark>F</mark> QIMA <mark>RANSSTLAAV</mark> TSGSE
POLYTHOA2	KKTVSFFAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSPLQIMAPQ
consensus	KKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILSHNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNsplqimapq
	,
pGR1	*****
pGR10	•••••
pGR13	******
pGR16	•••••
pGR3	•••••
pGR4	******
pGR5	,,,,,,,
pGR6	******
pGR7 pGR8	LGTKLDA
POLYTHOA2	<del></del>
Consensus	*******
Consensus	

Fig 6 (www'd)

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	i
hybridPolyth2-Discol	
pGR14	
pGR15	MEDDIKKLTMGGSHHHHHHGMASMTGGQQMGRDLYDDDDKVPRIQCGGIRPYLGDLGEGR
pGR17	
pGR18	
pGR19	
pGR20	
pGR21	
consensus	
Conscisus	•
habatanatahko misana	MSAIKPYMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFT1TGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVT
hybridPolyth2-Discol	MSAIKPYNKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVT
pGR14	SRARVSVITYPESTVMSAIKPVMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGCGKPYEGTQTLNLTVT
pGR15	SRARVSVITYFESTVWSATKPWEK LEDWIEGEVNGHRFTTTGEGGGAFFEGTGHTDLOU
pGR17	GEGEGKEYYEGTHVED LOVV
. pGR18	MSAIKPVNKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVT
pGR19	MSAIKPVMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVT
pGR20	MSAIKPVMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGÇGKPYEGTQTLNLTVT
pGR21	MSAIKPVMKIELVMEGEVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTQTLNLTVT
consensus	msaikpvmkielvmegevnghkftitGEGqGKPYEGTqtlnLtVt
hybridPolyth2-Discol	KGVPLPFAFDILTTAFQYGNRAFTKYPSDIPDYFKQTFPQGYTWERTMNFEDGGVCTVNS
pGR14	KGVPLPFAFDILTTAFQYGNRAFTKYPSDIPDYFKÇTFPQGYTWERTMNFEDGGVCTVNS
•	KGVPLPFAFDILTTAFQYGNRAFTKYPSDIPDYFKCTFPQGYTWERTMNFEDGGVCTVNS
pGR15	EGGPLRFAYDILTTAFQYGNRAFTKYPSDIPDYFKQTFPQGYTWERTMNFEDGGVCTVNS
pGR17	KGVPLPFAFDILTTAFQYGNRAFTKYPSDIPDYFKQTFPQGYTWERTMNFEDGGVCTVNS
pGR18	KGVPLPFAFDILITAFQYGNRAFTKYFSDIPDYFKQTFPQGYTWERTMNFEDGGVCTVNS
pGR19	KGVPLPFAFDILITAFQIGNRAFIKIFSDIFDIFKQIFFQGITKLKIMMI LDGGVCIVNS
pGR20	KGVPLPFAFDIDTTAFQYGNRAFTKYPSDIPDYF KQIF PQQITWERTMWFEDGGVGWM
pGR21	KGVPLPFAFDILTTAFQYGNRAFTKYPSDIPDYFKQTFPQGYTWERTMNFEDGGVCTVNS
consensus	kgvplpfafdilttafqygnraftkypsdipdyfkqtfpqgytwertmnfedggvctvns
	THE PARTY OF THE P
hybridPolyth2-Discol	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGMLKGDVSRTLLLEC
-	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENSPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENSPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14 pGR15	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENEPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENEPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENEPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR19 pGR20 pGR20 pGR21	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMOKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
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pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus  hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus  hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR
pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus  hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR14 pGR15 pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus  hybridPolyth2-Discol pGR17 pGR18 pGR19 pGR20 pGR21 consensus	DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG DVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNGPVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGNLKGDVSRTLLLEG GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSKLPSR GGHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILSHDKDYKMVKVYEIAEAHYSNLPSR

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Translation of 3' fragment Discosoma 1 Translation of fragment Discosoma 2 Translation of PolythoalCDS Translation of Polythoa2CDS Translation of WTGFP	33333	70	
Translation of 3' fragment Discosoma 1 Translation of fragment Discosoma 2 Translation of PolythoalCDS Translation of Polythoa2CDS. Translation of WTGFP	(18) (18) (29) (29) (33)	11  GEGREFEGTH VIDLQVVEGGPLRFAYDILTTAGGGGGREAFTKYPSDIP DYFKQTFPQGYTWERTWH GYGKGYDGTM TVKLQVTKGGPLPPAWPILSPQGGYGKITVRHPEDIA DYKKLSFPEGFTWERVMH GQGKPYEGTH TLANLTVTKGGPLPFAYDILSXAGGGRAVFTKYPEDIP DYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFK GQGKPYEGTQ TLANLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAGGGRAVFTKYPDDIP DYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFK GEGDATYGKL TLANLTVTKGVPLPFAFDILSTAGGGGCSRYPDHWKQHDFPKSAMPEGYVQERTIF Chromof oor	
Translation of 3' fragment Discosoma 1 Translation of fragment Discosoma 2 Translation of PolythoalCDS Translation of Polythoa2CDS Translation of WTGFP	(84) (84) (95) (95) (100)	141 84) FEDGGVCTVNSDVSLKSGCFEYKIRFDGENFPPNG-PVMQKKTVKWEPSTENMYEHDGML 84) FEDGGVCTTNDISLEGNCFIYHINFIGINFPSDG-PV	•
Translation of 3' fragment Discosoma 1 Translation of fragment Discosoma 2 Translation of PolythoalCDS Translation of PolythoalCDS Translation of WTGFP	(143) (121) (161) (161) (163)	231 KGDVSRTLLLEGG-GHYQCDFKTIYKAKDSQGIKMPEYHFVDHRIEILS-HDKDYKMYKVYEIAEAHYSK KGDDNAALLLEGG-GHYRCDFNSIYKAKKTGSLPAYHWIDHRIEILS-HDKDYKWTMHEFAAARNSP KGDVNAALLLEGG-GHYRCDFNSIYKAKKTVSFPAYHFVDHRIEILS-HNTDYSKVTLYEVAVARNSP V-NFKIRHNIKDGSVQLADHYQQNTPIGDG-PVLLPDNHYLSTQSALSKOPNEKRDHMILLEFVTAARIT	
Translation of 3' fragment Discosoma 1 Translation of fragment Discosoma 2 Translation of PolythoalCDS Translation of Polythoa2CDS Translation of WTGFP	(211) (121) (227) (227) (231)	281 LPSKLTK 	

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New Figure	8b:	
pGR22	_ 1	MSAIKPVMKVELVMEGNVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTHTLNLTVTKGGPLPFAYDILSAA
pGR24	1	MSAIKPVMKVELVMEGNVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTHTLNLTVTKGGPLPFAYLILSAA
pGR25	1	MSAIKPVMKVELVMEGNVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTHTLNLTVTKGGPLPFAYDILSAA
pGR26	1	MSAIKPVMKVELVMEGNVNGHKFTITGEGQGKPYEGTHTLNLTVTKGGPLPFAYDILSAA
Polythoal	1	MSAIKPVMKVELVMEGNVNGHKFTITGEGQGKFYEGTHTLNLTVTKGGPLPFAYDILSAA
pGR22	61	FQYGNRVFTKYPEDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYDEGLCTTKSDICLKKGEPDCFQYKI
pGR24	61	FQYGNRVFTKYPEDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYDEGLCTTKSDICLKKGEPDCFQYKI
pGR25	61	FQYGNRVFTKYPEDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYDEGLCTTKSDICLKKGEPDCFQYKI
pGR26	61	FQYGNRVFTKYPEDIPDYFKQTFPEGYSWERTFKYDEGLCTTKSDICLKKGEPDCFQYKI
Polythoal	61	FOYGNRVFTKYPEDIPDYFKOTFPEGYSWERTFKYDEGLCTTKSDICLKKGEFDCFQYKI
pGR22	121	YFEGKNLGPSGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERWYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDDNAALLLEGGGHYRCDF
pGR24	121	YFEGKNLGPSGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDDNAALLLEGGGHYRCDF
pGR25	121	YFEGKNIGPSGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDDNAALLLEGGGHYRCDF
pGR26	121	YFEGKNLGPSGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDDNAALLLEGGGHYRCDF
Polythoa1	121	YFEGKNLGPSGPIMQKKTLKWEPSTERMYMDVDKDGAKVLKGDDNAALLLEGGGHYRCDF
pGR22	181	NSIYKAKKTGSLPAYHWIDHRIBILSHDKDYNKVTMHEFAAARNSPF?IMAPC
pGRZ4	181	NSIYKAKKTGSLPAYHWIDHRIEILSHDKDYNKVTWHEFAAARNSPFPIMAPO
pGR25	181	NSIYKAKKTGSLPAYHWIDHRIEILSHDKDYNKVTMHEFAAARNSPFPIMAPC
pGR26	181	NSIYKAKKTGSLPAYHWIDHRIEILSHDKDYNKVTMHEFAAARNSPF?IMAPC
Polythoa1	181	NSIYKAKKTGSLPAYHWIDHRIEILSHDKDYNKVTMHEFAAARNSPF?IMAPC

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# Nucleotide sequence of pGR3

			aassttassa	cactcatcaa	gattgaattg	gtcatggaag
1	aattetetae	egtcatgagt	geaaccaaac	cagicalgaa	gattgaattg acaaggcaag	ccttacgagg
91	gagaggtgaa	egggcacaag	agatasata	cygyayayyy	ccttcctttc	actttcata
121	gaacacagac	tctagacett	tateeesses	aaggegegee	caaataccca	gatgatatac
181	tettgteaae	ageatteeag	tatggcaaca	gggcacccac	ggaaagaact	ttcaaatata
241	cggactattt	caagcagacc	ccccggaag	tacacactass	ggaaagaace	ccagactgct
301	aagaggggg	ttgcaccaca	aagagegaea	raageeteaa	gaaaggccaa	attatocaga
361	ttcaatataa	aattaacttt	aaaggggaga	agertgacee	caacggccca	detacgeaga
421	agaagaccct	gaaatgggag	ceatteattg	agaggatgta	catggacgtg	antanceatt
481	gtgcaaaggt	gctgaagggc	gatgttaatg	eggeeetget	gcttgaagga	ccaccatato
541	atcgttgtga	ctttaacagt	acttacaagg	cgaagaaaac	tgtgtccttc	aagettace
601	actttgtgga	ccaccgcatt	gagacecega	gecacaatac	ggattacagc	taggetacge
661	tgtatgaagt	tgccgtggct	egeaaceceg	agcaccacca	ccaccaccac	caataactac
721	ctgctaacaa	agcccgaaag	gaageegage	tagetgetge	caccgctgag	ggaggaacta
781	cataacccct	tggggcccc	aaacgggtct	tgaggggttt	tttgctgaaa	caaatataat
841	tatccggatt	ggcgaatggg	acgegeeetg	rageggegea	ttaagcgcgg	ctttcacttt
901	ggttacgcgc	agegtgaceg	ccacactige	cagegeeeta	gcgcccgctc	atragagat
961	cttcccttcc	tttctcgcca	egttegeegg	etttettett	caagctctaa	ttaattaaa
1021	ccctttaggg	ttccgattta	gegetttaeg	geacetegae	cccaaaaaac	tascattags
1081	tgatggttca	cgtagtgggc	categeeetg	acagacggcc	tttcgccctt	ogaegetgga
1141	gtccacgttc	tttaatagtg	gactettgtt	ccaaactgga	acaacactca	tanasaataa
1201	ggtctattct	tttgatttat	aagggatttt	gccgatttcg	gcctattggt	caaaaaacya
1261	gctgatttaa	caaaaattta	acgcgaattt	taacaaaata	ttaacgttta	caatttcayy
1321	tggcactttt	cggggaaatg	tgcgcggaac	ccctatttgt	ttatttttct	addiacatte
1381	aaatatgtat	ccgctcatga	gacaataacc	ctgataaatg	cttcaataat	actgaaaaag
1441	gaagagtatg	agtattcaac	atttccgtgt	cgcccttatt	cccttttttg	eggeatettg
1501	ccttcctgtt	tttgctcacc	cagaaacgct	ggtgaaagta	aaagatgctg	aagarcagee
1561	gggtgcacga	gtgggttaca	tcgaactgga	tctcaacagc	ggtaagatcc	ccgagaguu
1621	tcgccccgaa	gaacgttttc	caatgatgag	cacetetaaa	gttctgctat	gragedeger
1681	attatcccgt	attgacgccg	ggcaagagca	acceggeege	cgcatacact	tararatara
1741	tgacttggtt	gagtactcac	cagtcacaga	aaagcatctt	acggatggca	taattataaa
1801	agaattatgc	agtgctgcca	taaccatgag	tgataacact	gcggccaact	atestatasa
1861	aacgatcgga	ggaccgaagg	agecaacege	tettettgeac	aacatggggg	accatgeaac
1921	tcgccttgat	cgttgggaac	cggagetgaa	tgaagccata	ccaaacgacg	agegegacae
1981	cacgatgcct	gcagcaatgg	caacaacgtt	gegeaaacta	ttaactggcg	aaccacccac
2041	tctagcttcc	cggcaacaac	taatagactg	gatggaggeg	gataaagttg	caggaccacc
2101	tetgegeteg	gcccttccgg	ctggctggtt	tattgetgat	aaatctggag	ctggtgagtg
2161	tgggtctcgc	ggtatcattg	cagcaccggg	gecagatggt	aagccctccc	teactgrage
2221	tatctacacg	acggggagtc	aggeaactat	ggatgaacga	aatagacaga	atatagttta
2281	aggtgcctca	ctgattaagc	actggtaact	gecagaccaa	gtttactcat	tttttatta
2341	gattgattta	aaacttcatt	cccaacccaa	aaggacccag	gtgaagatcc	acccataga
2401	tctcatgacc	aaaatccctt	aacgigagii	ttegttecae	tgagcgtcag	acttageaga
2461	aaagatcaaa	ggatettett	gagaceette	tttcccgcgc	gtaatctgct	caactettt
2521	aaaaaaacca	ccgctaccay	cggtggtttg	cottgeeggae	caagagctac	tagtetage
2581	tccgaaggta	actggcttca	geagagegea	gacaccaaac	actgtccttc	ctctcctaat
2641	gtagttaggc	caccacccca	agaaccccgc	tarategeet	acatacctcg	tagetage
2701	cctgttacca	geggeegeeg	ccagugguga	caagtegege	cttaccgggt	cggacccaag
2761	acgatagtta	ccggataagg	egeageggte	gggctgaatg	gggggttcgt	tatgagaaag
2821	cagcttggag	cgaacgacct	acaccyaacc	gagataccca	cagcgtgagc	cacgagaaag
2881	cgccacgctt	cccgaaggga	gaaaggegga	caggiatecg	gtaagcggca	gggccggaac
2941	aggagagcgc	acgagggagc	cccaggggg	adacycctyg	tatctttata	according.
3001	gtttcgccac	ccccgacccg	agegeegact	accettanta	tegtcagggg	ggcggagcct
3061	atggaaaaac	gccagcaacg	eggeetttt	acggcccccg	gccttttgct	ggccccccgc
3121	tcacatgttc	tttcctgcgt	cateceetga	cccgcggat	aaccgtatta	tasaaas
3181	gtgagctgat	accgctcgcc	gcagccgaac	gaccgagcgc	agegagteag	tttaaaaaaa
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3301	catatatggt	gcactctcag	cacaatctgc	cccgatgccg	catagttaag	ccaycatada
3361	ctccgctatc	gctacgtgac	egggecatgg	ccgcgccccg	acaccegeca	ataccegetg
3421	acgcgccctg	acgggcttgt	crgcrcccgg	catecgetta	cagacaagct	grgacegtet

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Fig. 9 (cont'd) 3481 ccgggagctg catgtgtcag aggttttcac cgtcatcacc gaaacgcgcg aggcagctgc 3541 ggtaaagete atcagegtgg tegtgaageg attcacagat gtetgeetgt teatcegegt 3601 ccagctcgtt gagtttctcc agaagcgtta atgtctggct tctgataaag cgggccatgt 3661 taagggeggt tittteetgt tiggteactg atgeeteegt gtaaggggga tittetgttea 3721 tgggggtaat gataccgatg aaacgagaga ggatgctcac gatacgggtt actgatgatg 3781 aacatgcccg gttactggaa cgttgtgagg gtaaacaact ggcggtatgg atgcggcggg 3841 accagagaaa aatcactcag ggtcaatgcc agcgcttcgt taatacagat gtaggtgttc 3901 cacagggtag ccagcagcat cctgcgatgc agatccggaa cataatggtg cagggcgctg 3961 acttccgcgt ttccagactt tacgaaacac ggaaaccgaa gaccattcat gttgttgctc 4021 aggtcgcaga cgttttgcag cagcagtcgc ttcacgttcg ctcgcgtatc ggtgattcat 4081 totgotaaco agtaaggoaa coccgocago otagoogggt cotcaacgao aggagoacga 4141 tcatgcgcac ccgtggggcc gccatgccgg cgataatggc ctgcttctcg ccgaaacgtt 4201 tggtggcggg accagtgacg aaggcttgag cgagggcgtg caagattccg aataccgcaa 4261 gcgacaggcc gatcatcgtc gcgctccagc gaaagcggtc ctcgccgaaa atgacccaga 4321 gcgctgccgg cacctgtcct acgagttgca tgataaagaa gacagtcata agtgcggcga 4381 cgatagtcat gccccgcgcc caccggaagg agctgactgg gttgaaggct ctcaagggca 4441 toggtogaga tocoggtgoo taatgagtga gotaacttac attaattgog ttgogotcac 4501 tgcccgcttt ccagtcggga aacctgtcgt gccagctgca ttaatgaatc ggccaacgcg 4561 cggggagagg cggtttgcgt attgggcgcc agggtggttt ttcttttcac cagtgagacg 4621 ggcaacagct gattgccctt caccgcctgg ccctgagaga gttgcagcaa gcggtccacg 4681 ctggtttgcc ccagcaggcg aaaatcctgt ttgatggtgg ttaacggcgg gatataacat 4741 gagetgtett eggtategte gtateceact accgagatgt eegeaceaac gegeageeeg 4801 gactoggtaa tggogogoat tgcgcccago gccatotgat cgttggcaac cagcatogca 4861 gtgggaacga tgccctcatt cagcatttgc atggtttgtt gaaaaccgga catggcactc 4921 cagtogoott cocgttocgo tatoggotga atttgattgo gagtgagata tttatgocag 4981 ccagccagac gcagacgcgc cgagacagaa cttaatgggc ccgctaacag cgcgatttgc 5041 tggtgaccca atgcgaccag atgctccacg cccagtcgcg taccgtcttc atgggagaaa 5101 ataatactgt tgatgggtgt ctggtcagag acatcaagaa ataacgccgg aacattagtg 5161 caggcagett ccacagcaat ggcateetgg teatecageg gatagttaat gateageeca 5221 ctgacgcgtt gcgcgagaag attgtgcacc gccgctttac aggcttcgac gccgcttcgt 5281 totaccateg acaccaccac getggeacce agttgategg egegagattt aategeegeg 5341 acaatttgcg acggcgctg cagggccaga ctggaggtgg caacgccaat cagcaacgac 5401 tgtttgcccg ccagttgttg tgccacgcgg ttgggaatgt aattcagctc cgccatcgcc 5461 gettecaett ttteeegegt tttegeagaa acgtggetgg cetggtteae cacgegggaa 5521 acggtctgat aagagacacc ggcatactct gcgacatcgt ataacgttac tggtttcaca 5581 ttcaccaccc tgaattgact ctcttccggg cgctatcatg ccataccgcg aaaggttttg 5641 cgccattcga tggtgtccgg gatctcgacg ctctccctta tgcgactcct gcattaggaa 5701 gcagcccagt agtaggttga ggccgttgag caccgccgcc gcaaggaatg gtgcatgcaa 5761 ggagatggcg cccaacagtc ccccggccac ggggcctgcc accataccca cgccgaaaca 5821 agegeteatg agecegaagt ggegageeeg atetteeeca teggtgatgt eggegatata 5881 ggcgccagca accgcacctg tggcgccggt gatgccggcc acgatgcgtc cggcgtagag 5941 gatcgagatc gatctcgatc ccgcgaaatt aatacgactc actatagggg aattgtgagc 6001 ggataacaat tcccctctag aaataatttt gtttaacttt aagaaggaga tatacatatg 6061 agcgataaaa ttattcacct gactgacgac agttttgaca cggatgtact caaagcggac 6121 ggggcgatcc tcgtcgattt ctgggcagag tggtgcggtc cgtgcaaaat gatcgccccg 6181 attctggatg aaatcgctga cgaatatcag ggcaaactga ccgttgcaaa actgaacatc 6241 gatcaaaacc ctggcactgc gccgaaatat ggcatccgtg gtatcccgac tctgctgctg 6301 ttcaaaaacg gtgaagtggc ggcaaccaaa gtgggtgcac tgtctaaagg tcagttgaaa 6361 gagttcctcg acgctaacct ggccggttct ggttctggcc atatgcacca tcatcatcat 6421 cattettetg gtetggtgcc acgeggttet ggtatgaaag aaacegetge tgetaaatte 6481 gaacgccagc acatggacag cccagatctg ggtaccgacg acgacgacaa ggccatggct 6541 gatatcggat ccg

### nucleotide sequence of pGR4

1 aattetetae egteatgagt geaattaaae eagteatgaa gattgaattg gteatggaag

61 gagaggtgaa egggeacaag tteaegatea egggagaggg acaaggeaag eettaegagg

121 gaacacagae tetagacett acagteacta aaggegtgee eetteette getttegata

181 tettgteaae agcatteeag tatggeaaca gggtatttae eaaataceea gatgatatae

241 eggaetattt eaageagaee ttteeggaag gatattegtg ggaaagaaet tteaaatatg

301 aagagggegt ttgeaceae aagagtgaea taageeteaa gaaaggeeaa eeagaetget

361 tteaatataa aattaaettt aaaggggaga agettgaeee eaaeggeeea attatgeaga

[bar=bottom]

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Fig 10 (wort'A)



lbar=bottom1

4141 tatatgagta aacttggtct gacagttacc aatgcttaat cagtgaggca cctatctcag 4201 cgatctgtct atttcgttca tccatagttg cctgactccc cgtcgtgtag ataactacga 4261 tacgggaggg cttaccatet ggccccagtg ctgcaatgat accgcgagac ccacgctcac 4321 eggetecaga tttateagea ataaaceage cageeggaag ggeegagege agaagtggte 4381 ctgcaacttt atccgcctcc atccagtcta ttaattgttg ccgggaagct agagtaagta 4441 gttegecagt taatagtttg egeaaegttg ttgecattge tacaggeate gtggtgtcae 4501 getegtegtt tggtatgget teatteaget eeggtteeca aegateaagg egagttacat 4561 gatcccccat gttgtgcaaa aaagcggtta gctccttcgg tcctccgatc gttgtcagaa 4621 gtaagttggc cgcagtgtta tcactcatgg ttatggcagc actgcataat tctcttactg 4681 teatgecate egtaagatge ttttetgtga etggtgagta etcaaccaag teattetgag 4741 aatagtgtat geggegaeeg agttgetett geeeggegte aataegggat aataeegege 4801 cacatagcag aactttaaaa gtgctcatca ttggaaaacg ttcttcgggg cgaaaactct 4861 caaggatett accgetgttg agatecagtt egatgtaace caetegtgca eccaactgat 4921 cttcaqcatc ttttactttc accaqcqttt ctgggtgagc aaaaacagga aggcaaaatg 4981 ccgcaaaaaa gggaataagg gcgacacgga aatgttgaat actcatactc ttcctttttc 5041 aatattattg aagcatttat cagggttatt gtctcatgag cggatacata tttgaatgta 5101 tttagaaaaa taaacaaata ggggttccgc gcacatttcc ccgaaaagtg ccacctgacg 5161 togacggato gggagatoto cogatoccot atggtogact otcagtacaa totgototga 5221 tgccgcatag ttaagccagt atctgctccc tgcttgtgtg ttggaggtcg ctgagtagtg 5281 cgcgagcaaa atttaagcta caacaaggca aggcttgacc gacaattgca tgaagaatct 5341 gcttagggtt aggcgttttg cgctgcttcg cgatgtacgg gccagatata cgcgttgaca 5401 ttgattattg actagttatt aatagtaatc aattacgggg tcattagttc atagcccata 5461 tatggagttc cgcgttacat aacttacggt aaatggcccg cctggctgac cgcccaacga 5521 cccccqcca ttgacgtcaa taatgacgta tgttcccata gtaacgccaa tagggacttt 5581 ccattgacgt caatgggtgg actatttacg gtaaactgcc cacttggcag tacatcaagt 5641 qtatcatatq ccaaqtacqc cccctattga cqtcaatgac gqtaaatggc ccgcctggca 5701 ttatgcccag tacatgacct tatgggactt tcctacttgg cagtacatct acgtattagt 5761 categoratt accategora tegegoratte geagracate aategogeste gatagegort 5821 tgactcacgg ggatttccaa gtctccaccc cattgacgtc aatgggagtt tgttttggca 5881 ccaaaatcaa cgggactttc caaaatgtcg taacaactcc gccccattga cgcaaatggg 5941 cggtaggcgt gtacggtggg aggtctatat aagcagagct ctctggctaa ctagagaacc 6001 cactgcttac tggcttatcg aaattaatac gactcactat agggagaccc aagcttggta 6061 ccgagctcgg atccactagt aacggccgcc agtgtgctgg

ng 10 (ust'd)

### nucleotide sequence of pGR5

1 aattegeect tetggaatte tttacegtea tgagtgeaat taaaccagte atgaagattg

```
61 aattggtcat ggaaggagag gtgaacgggc acaagttcac gatcacggga gagggacaag
 121 gcaagcetta egagggaaca cagactetag acettacagt cactaaagge gtgeceette
 181 ctttcgcttt cgatatcttg tcaacagcat tccagtatgg caacagggta tttaccaaat
 241 acccagatga tataccggac tatttcaagc agacctttcc ggaaggatat tcgtgggaaa
 301 gaactttcaa atatgaagag ggcgtttgca ccacaaagag tgacataagc ctcaagaaag
 361 gccaaccaga ctgctttcaa tataaaatta actttaaagg ggagaagctt gaccccaacg
 421 gcccaattat gcagaagaag accctgaaat gggagccatc cactgagagg atgtacatgg
 481 acgtggataa agacggtgca aaggtgctga agggcgatgt taatgcggcc ctgttgcttg
 541 aaggaggtgg ccattatcgt tgtgacttta acagtactta caaggcgaag aaaactgtgt
 601 ccttcccagc atatcacttt gtggaccacc gcattgagat tttgagccac aatacggatt
 661 acagcaaggt tacactgtat gaagttgccg tggctcgcaa ttctcctctt cagattatag
 721 cctcgagcat gcatctagag ggccctattc tatagtgtca cctaaatgct agagctcgct
 781 gatcagecte gactgtgeet tetagttgee agecatetgt tgtttgeece teeceegtge
 841 cttccttgac cctggaaggt gccactccca ctgtcctttc ctaataaaat gaggaaattg
 901 categeattg tetgagtagg tgtcattcta ttetgggggg tggggtgggg caggacagca
 961 agggggagga ttgggaagac aatagcaggc atgctgggga tgcggtgggc tctatggctt
1021 ctgaggegga aagaaccage tggggeteta gggggtatee ccaegegeee tgtageggeg
1081 cattaagege ggegggtgtg gtggttaege geagegtgae egetaeactt geeagegeee
1141 tagegeege teettteget ttetteeett cetttetege caegttegee ggettteeee
1201 gtcaagctct aaatcggggc atccctttag ggttccgatt tagtgcttta cggcacctcg
1261 accccaaaaa acttgattag ggtgatggtt cacgtagtgg gccatcgccc tgatagacgg
1321 tttttcgccc tttgacgttg gagtccacgt tctttaatag tggactcttg ttccaaactg
1381 gaacaacact caaccctatc toggtctatt cttttgattt ataagggatt ttggggattt
1441 cggcctattg gttaaaaaat gagctgattt aacaaaaatt taacgcgaat taattctqtg
1501 qaatqtqtqt caqttagggt qtggaaagtc cccaggctcc ccaggcaggc agaaqtatqc
```

|lbar=bottom

1561 aaagcatgca totcaattag toagcaacca ggtgtggaaa gtocccaggc tocccagcag 1621 gragaagtat graaagratg catctcaatt agtragraac catagtroreg corrtaacte 1681 cgcccatccc gcccctaact ccgcccagtt ccgcccattc tccgccccat ggctgactaa 1741 tttttttat ttatgcagag geogaggeeg Cetetgeete tgagetatte cagaagtagt 1801 gaggaggett ttttggagge ctaggetttt gcaaaaaget cccgggaget tgtatatcca 1861 ttttcggatc tgatcaagag acaggatgag gatcgtttcg catgattgaa caagatggat 1921 tqcacqcaqq ttctccggcc gcttgggtgg agaggctatt cggctatgac tgggcacaac 1981 agacaatcgg ctgctctgat gccgccgtgt tccggctgtc agcgcagggg cgcccggttc 2041 tttttgtcaa gaccgacctg tccggtgccc tgaatgaact gcaggacgag gcagcgcggc 2101 tategtgget ggccacgacg ggcgtteett gegeagetgt getegaegtt gtcactgaag 2161 cgggaaggga ctggctgcta ttgggcgaag tgccggggca ggatctcctg tcatctcacc 2221 ttgctcctgc cgagaaagta tccatcatgg ctgatgcaat gcggcggctg catacgcttg 2281 atccggctac ctgcccattc gaccaccaag cgaaacatcg catcgagcga gcacgtactc 2341 ggatggaage eggtettgte gateaggatg atetggaega agageateag gggetegege 2401 cagecgaact gttegecagg etcaaggege geatgeeega eggegaggat etegtegtga 2461 cccatggcga tgcctgcttg ccgaatatca tggtggaaaa tggccgcttt tctggattca 2521 togactgtgg coggetgggt gtggcggacc gctatcagga catagcgttg gctacccgtg 2581 atattgctga agagcttggc ggcgaatggg ctgaccgctt cctcgtgctt tacggtatcg 2641 ccgctcccga ttcgcagcgc atcgccttct atcgccttct tgacgagttc ttctgagcgg 2701 gactetgggg ttegaaatga cegaceaage gacgeecaac etgecateac gagatttega 2761 ttccaccgcc gccttctatg aaaggttggg cttcggaatc gttttccggg acgccggctg 2821 gatgatecte cagegeggg ateteatget ggagttette geccacecca acttgtttat 2881 tgcagcttat aatggttaca aataaagcaa tagcatcaca aatttcacaa ataaagcatt 2941 tttttcactg cattctagtt gtggtttgtc caaactcatc aatgtatctt atcatgtctg 3001 tataccetce acctctaget agagettege gtaatcateg teatagetet tteetetete 3061 aaattgttat ccgctcacaa ttccacacaa catacgagcc ggaagcataa agtgtaaagc 3121 ctggggtgcc taatgagtga gctaactcac attaattgcg ttgcgctcac tgcccgcttt 3181 ccagtcggga aacctgtcgt gccagctgca ttaatgaatc ggccaacgcg cggggagagg 3241 cggtttgcgt attgggcgct cttccgcttc ctcgctcact gactcgctgc gctcggtcgt 3301 Ecggctgcgg cgagcggtat cagctcactc aaaggcggta atacggttat ccacagaatc 3361 aggggataac gcaggaaaga acatgtgagc aaaaggccag caaaaggcca ggaaccgtaa 3421 aaaggccgcg ttgctggcgt ttttccatag gctccgcccc cctgacgagc atcacaaaaa 3481 togacqctca aqtcaqaqgt ggcgaaaccc gacaggacta taaagatacc aggcgtttcc 3541 ccctggaage teectegtge geteteetgt teegaceetg eegettaceg gatacetgte 3601 cgcctttctc ccttcgggaa gcgtggcgct ttctcaatgc tcacgctgta ggtatctcag 3661 ttcggtgtag gtcgttcgct ccaagctggg ctgtgtgcac gaaccccccg ttcagcccga 3721 ccgctgcgcc ttatccggta actatcgtct tgagtccaac ccggtaagac acgacttatc 3781 gccactggca gcagccactg gtaacaggat tagcagagcg aggtatgtag gcggtgctac 3841 agagttettg aagtggtgge ctaactacgg ctacactaga aggacagtat ttggtatetg 3901 cgctctgctg aagccagtta ccttcggaaa aagagttggt agctcttgat ccggcaaaca 3961 aaccaccgct ggtagcggtg gttttttgt ttgcaagcag cagattacgc gcagaaaaaa 4021 aggateteaa gaagateett tgatetttte taeggggtet gaegeteagt ggaacgaaaa 4081 ctcacgttaa gggattttgg tcatgagatt atcaaaaagg atcttcacct agatcctttt 4141 aaattaaaaa tgaagtttta aatcaatcta aagtatatat gagtaaactt ggtctgacag 4201 ttaccaatgc ttaatcagtg aggcacctat ctcagcgatc tgtctatttc gttcatccat 4261 agttgcctga ctccccgtcg tgtagataac tacgatacgg gagggcttac catctggccc 4321 cagtgctgca atgataccgc gagacccacg ctcaccggct ccagatttat cagcaataaa 4381 ccagccagcc ggaagggccg agcgcagaag tggtcctgca actttatccg cctccatcca 4441 gtctattaat tgttgccggg aagctagagt aagtagttcg ccagttaata gtttgcgcaa 4501 cgttgttgcc attgctacag gcatcgtggt gtcacgetcg tcgtttggta tggcttcatt 4561 cageteeggt teccaacgat caaggegagt tacatgatee eccatgttgt gcaaaaaage 4621 ggttagctcc ttcggtcctc cgatcgttgt cagaagtaag ttggccgcag tgttatcact 4681 catggttatg gcagcactgc ataattctct tactgtcatg ccatccgtaa gatgcttttc 4741 tgtgactggt gagtactcaa ccaagtcatt ctgagaatag tgtatgcggc gaccgagttg 4801 ctcttgccg gcgtcaatac gggataatac cgcgccacat agcagaactt taaaagtgct 4861 catcattgga aaacgttett eggggegaaa acteteaagg atettacege tgttgagate 4921 cagttegatg taacccacte gtgcacccaa etgatettca gcatetttta etttcaccag 4981 cgtttctggg tgagcaaaaa caggaaggca aaatgccgca aaaaagggaa taagggcgac 5041 acggaaatgt tgaatactca tactcttcct ttttcaatat tattgaagca tttatcaggg 5101 ttattqtctc atqaqqqqat acatatttga atgtatttag aaaaataaac aaataggggt 5161 tecgegeaca ttteccegaa aagtgecace tgacgtegae ggategggag atetecegat 5221 cccctatqqt cgactctcag tacaatctgc tctgatgccg catagttaag ccagtatctg

fig 11 (wht'd)

#### PCT/EP01/13604

61 cccgtgcctc tgacttctaa gtccaattac tcttcaacat ccctacatgc tctttctccc

Fg1/ (624'1)

# Nucleotide sequence of pGR6

1 togagatgca tggccggccg agctccgcat cggccgctgt catcagatcg ccatctcgcg

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121 tgtgctccca ccccctattt ttgttattat caaaaaaact tcttcttaat ttctttgttt
 181 tttagettet tttaagteae etetaacaat gaaattgtgt agatteaaaa atagaattaa
 241 ttcgtaataa aaagtcgaaa aaaattgtgc tccctcccc cattaataat aattctatcc
 301 caaaatctac acaatgttct gtgtacactt cttatgtttt ttttacttct gataaatttt
 361 ttttgaaaca tcatagaaaa aaccgcacac aaaatacctt atcatatgtt acgtttcagt
 421 ttatgaccgc aatttttatt tcttcgcacg tctgggcctc tcatgacgtc aaatcatgct
 481 catcgtgaaa aagttttgga gtatttttgg aatttttcaa tcaagtgaaa gtttatgaaa
 541 ttaattttcc tgcttttgct ttttgggggt ttcccctatt gtttgtcaag agtttcgagg
 601 acggcgtttt tcttgctaaa atcacaagta ttgatgagca cgatgcaaga aagatcggaa
 661 gaaggtttgg gtttgaggct cagtggaagg tgagtagaag ttgataattt gaaagtggag
 721 tagtgtctat ggggtttttg ccttaaatga cagaatacat tcccaatata ccaaacataa
 781 ctgtttccta ctagtcggcc gtacgggccc tttcgtctcg cgcgtttcgg tgatgacggt
 841 gaaaacctct gacacatgca gctcccggag acggtcacag cttgtctgta agcggatgcc
 901 gggageagac aagecegtea gggegegtea gegggtgttg gegggtgteg gggetggett
 961 aactatgcgg catcagagca gattgtactg agagtgcacc atatgcggtg tgaaataccg
1021 cacagatgog taaggagaaa atacogcatc aggoggoott aagggootog tgatacgoot
1081 atttttatag gttaatgtca tgataataat ggtttcttag acgtcaggtg gcacttttcg
1141 gggaaatgtg cgcggaaccc ctatttgttt atttttctaa atacattcaa atatgtatcc
1201 gctcatgaga caataaccct gataaatgct tcaataatat tgaaaaagga agagtatgag
1261 tattcaacat ttccgtgtcg cccttattcc cttttttgcg gcattttgcc ttcctgtttt
1321 tgctcaccca gaaacgctgg tgaaagtaaa agatgctgaa gatcagttgg gtgcacgagt
1381 gggttacatc gaactggatc tcaacagcgg taagatcctt gagagttttc gccccgáaga
1441 acgttttcca atgatgagca cttttaaagt tetgetatgt ggegeggtat tatecegtat
1501 tgacgccggg caagagcaac tcggtcgccg catacactat tctcagaatg acttggttga
1561 gtactcacca gtcacagaaa agcatcttac ggatggcatg acagtaagag aattatgcag
1621 tgctgccata accatgagtg ataacactgc ggccaactta cttctgacaa cgatcggagg
1681 accgaaggag ctaaccgctt ttttgcacaa catgggggat catgtaactc gccttgatcg
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1861 gcaacaatta atagactgga tggaggcgga taaagttgca ggaccacttc tgcgctcggc
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1981 tatcattgca gcactggggc cagatggtaa gccctcccqt atcgtagtta tctacacgac
2041 ggggagtcag gcaactatgg atgaacgaaa tagacagatc gctgagatag gtgcctcact
2101 gattaagcat tggtaactgt cagaccaagt ttactcatat atactttaga ttgatttaaa
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2221 aatcccttaa cgtgagtttt cgttccactg agcgtcagac cccgtagaaa agatcaaagg
2281 atcttcttga gatccttttt ttctgcgcgt aatctgctgc ttgcaaacaa aaaaaccacc
2341 gctaccageg gtggtttgtt tgccggatca agagctacca actctttttc cgaaggtaac
2401 tggcttcagc agagcgcaga taccaaatac tgtccttcta gtgtagccgt agttaggcca
2461 ccacttcaag aactctgtag caccgcctac atacctcgct ctgctaatcc tgttaccagt
2521 ggctgctgcc agtggcgata agtcgtgtct taccgggttg gactcaagac gatagttacc
2581 ggataaggcg cagcggtcgg gctgaacggg gggttcgtgc acacagccca gcttggagcg
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Fig 12 (cont'd)

WO 02/42323

PCT/EP01/13604

2641 aacgacctac accgaactga gatacctaca gcgtgagcat tgagaaagcg ccacgcttcc 2701 cgaagggaga aaggeggaca ggtateeggt aageggeagg gteggaacag gagagegeae 2761 gagggagett ccagggggaa acgcetggta tetttatagt cetgtegggt ttegecacet 2821 ctgacttgag cgtcgatttt tgtgatgctc gtcagggggg cggagcctat ggaaaaacgc 2881 cagcaacgcg gcctttttac ggttcctggc cttttgctgg ccttttgctc acatgttctt 2941 tcctgcgtta tcccctgatt ctgtggataa ccgtattacc gcctttgagt gagctgatac 3001 cgctcgccgc agccgaacga ccgagcgcag cgagtcagtg agcgaggaag cggaagagcg 3061 cccaatacgc aaaccgcctc tccccgcgcg ttggccgatt cattaatgca gctggcacga 3121 caggtttccc gactggaaag cgggcagtga gcgcaacgca attaatgtga gttagctcac 3181 tcattaggca ccccaggctt tacactttat gcttccggct cgtatgttgt gtggaattgt 3241 gagcggataa caatttcaca caggaaacag ctatgaccat gattacgcca agcttgcatg 3301 cctgcaggtc gactctagag gatccccagc ttgcatgcct gcaggtcgag gcatttgaat 3361 tgggggtggt ggacagtaac tgtctgtaat aataattact cctgaccagg ttgcaattcg 3421 agttttgata agcataatta taccttgtac attgtgggtt ttgtgctgtg gacgttttat 3481 tgtggacatc cccataagct acaagaaacc aaaaatgaaa ttaaaagtat tgaaaaacgt 3541 cgtaacattt tatatctgag tagtatcctt tgctttaaat gtccataaaa ataattttat 3601 aatcaataaa acaacgtttg taaatcaact gagtttacaa gtagagacat tgagggatac 3661 tttcactatg ctaaagtgaa taatcgacca aataataact cactttggta tttattcctg 3721 tottataatg ttatgtatga attaaattca tatgcatatg getcactctg acaaaaaaaa 3781 ataatettee agateaatat tgaetaeega tgegggtggt ettttgettt gaattetget 3841 gaactttaca ccccgaacag caatgtgtgc ttcagctaaa aaaaagtaag tgtgttaatc 3901, agtccccccg attcttcatt ttttgcccct ctctcccgtt tcgtcggcaa aagaagagaa 3961 aataaagata agtotcaaga taggttggta atogctaaag tggttgtgtg gataagagta 4021 gcaaaatggc aggaagagca ctttgcgcgc acacactgta ctcattgttc tggataaaat 4081 tetetegttg tttgccgtcg gatgtetgcc tetetgccat tgagccggct tettcactat 4141 ctttagttaa cctaaaatgc cgtttctttt ctcgtatccc actatccgtt gaggttctct 4201 gctctcttcg ctcccttacc gccagcgagc aactatccgt gggggcgcct tgctcggaag 4261 atggggggga agaaagaaga tttttgctat ttgcacttga gaaagagact tttcctgcgt 4321 cgatggttag agaacagtgt gcagacactt ttcagctacc tagatacatg gatatccccg 4381 cctcccaatc cacccacca gggaaaaaga agggctcgcc gaaaaatcaa agttatctcc 4441 aggetegege ateccaeega geggttgact tetetecaee actttteatt ttaacceteg 4501 gggtacggga ttggccaaag gacccaaagg tatgtttcga atgatactaa cataacatag 4561 aacattttca qqaqqaccct tggctagcgt cgacggtacc atggggcgcg ccaccaccat 4621 gagtgcaatt aagccagtta tgaagattga attggtcatg gaaggagagg tgaacgggca 4681 caagttcacg atcacgggag agggacaagg caagccttac gagggaacac agactctaaa

4741 ccttacagtc actaaaggcg tgcccttcc tttcgctttc gatatcttgt caacagcatt 4801 ccagtatggc aacagggtat ttaccaaata cccagatgat ataccggact attcaagca 4861 gacctttccg gaaggatatt cgtgggaaag aactttcaaa tatgaagagg gcgtttgcac 4921 cacaaagagt gacataagcc tcaagaagg cccaatcagac tgcttcaat ataaaattaa 4981 ctttaaaggg gagaagcttg accccaacagg cccaattatg cagaagaaga ccctgaaatg 5041 ggagccatcc actgagagga tgtacatgga tgtggataaa gacggtgcaa aggtgctgaa 5101 gggcgatgtt aatgcggcc tgttgcttga aggaggcggc cattatcgtt gtgacttaa 5161 cagtacttac aaggcgaaga aaactgtgtc cttcccagca tatcactttg tggaccaccg 5221 cattgagatt ttgagccaca atacggatta cagcaaggtt acactgtatg aagttgccgt 5281 ggctcgcaat tctcctctc agattatggc gccccagtaa aggcttaacg aaaagccaag

Nucleotide sequence of pGR7

5341 actc

l aattotatta otttgagtot accatcatga gtgcaattaa accagtoatg aagattgaat
61 tggtoatgga aggagaggtg aacgggcaca agttoacgat cacgggagag ggacaaggca

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Fig 13 (ws+'d)

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Fig 13 (contid) 4501 gggcatcggt cgagatcccg gtgcctaatg agtgagctaa cttacattaa ttgcgttgcq 4561 ctcactgccc gctttccagt cgggaaacct gtcgtgccag ctgcattaat gaatcggcca 4621 acgcgcgggg agaggcggtt tgcgtattgg gcgccagggt ggtttttett ttcaccagtg 4681 agacgggcaa cagctgattg cccttcaccg cctggccctg agagagttgc agcaagcggt 4741 ccaegetggt ttgccccage aggegaaaat cetgtttgat qqtqqttaac qqcqqatat 4801 aacatgaget gtetteggta tegtegtate ecaetacega gatgteegea ecaaegegea 4861 gcccggactc ggtaatggcg cgcattgcgc ccagcgccat ctgatcgttg gcaaccagca 4921 tegeagtggg aacgatgeec teatteagea tttgcatggt ttgttgaaaa ceggacatgg 4981 cactccagtc gccttcccgt tccgctatcg gctgaatttg attgcgagtg agatatttat 5041 gccagccagc cagacgcaga cgcgccgaga cagaacttaa tgggcccgct aacagcgcga 5101 tttgctggtg acccaatgcg accagatgct ccacgcccag tcgcgtaccg tcttcatggg 5161 agaaaataat actgttgatg ggtgtctggt cagagacatc aagaaataac gccggaacat 5221 tagtgcaggc agcttccaca gcaatggcat cctggtcatc cagcggatag ttaatgatca 5281 geccaetgae gegttgegeg agaagattgt geaeegeege tttacagget tegaegeege 5341 ttegttetae categacaee accaegetgg caeecagttg ateggegega gatttaateg 5401 ccgcgacaat ttgcgacggc gcgtgcaggg ccagactgga ggtggcaacg ccaatcagca 5461 acgactgttt gcccgccagt tgttgtgcca cgcggttggg aatqtaattc agctccqcca 5521 tegeogette caetttttee egegtttteg cagaaacgtg getggeetgg tteaccaege 5581 gggaaacggt ctgataagag acaccggcat actctgcgac atcgtataac gttactggtt 5641 tcacattcac caccctgaat tgactctctt ccgggcgcta tcatgccata ccgcgaaagg 5701 ttttgcgcca ttcgatggtg tccgggatct cgacgctctc ccttatgcga ctcctgcatt 5761 aggaagcagc ccagtagtag gttgaggccg ttgagcaccg ccgccgcaag gaatggtgca 5821 tgcaaggaga tggcgcccaa cagtcccccg gccacggggc ctgccaccat acccacgccg 5881 aaacaagege teatgagece gaagtggega gecegatett eeceateggt gatgteggeg 5941 atataggege cageaacege acctgtggeg ceggtgatge eggceacgat gegteeggeg 6001 tagaggatcg agatcgatct cgatcccgcg aaattaatac gactcactat aggggaattg 6061 tgagcggata acaattcccc tctagaaata attttgttta actttaagaa ggagatatac 6121 atatgagcga taaaattatt cacctgactg acgacagttt tgacacggat gtactcaaag 6181 cggacggggc gatcctcgtc gatttctggg cagagtggtg cggtccgtgc aaaatgatcg 6241 ccccgattct ggatgaaatc gctgacgaat atcagggcaa actgaccgtt gcaaaactga 6301 acategatea aaaccetgge actgegeega aatatggeat cegtggtate eegactetge 6361 tgctgttcaa aaacggtgaa gtggcggcaa ccaaagtggg tgcactgtct aaaggtcagt 6421 tgaaagagtt cctcgacgct aacctggccg gttctggttc tggccatatg caccatcatc 6481 atcatcattc ttctggtctg gtgccacgcg gttctggtat gaaagaaacc gctgctgcta

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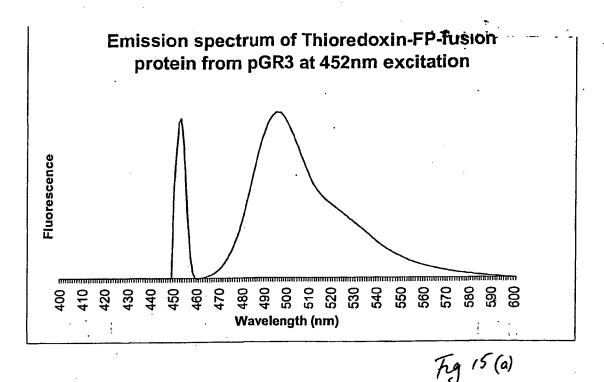
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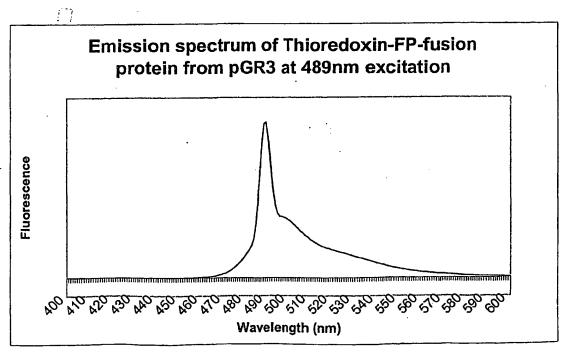
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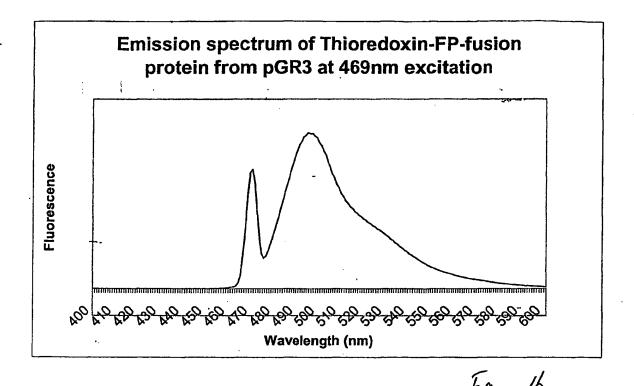
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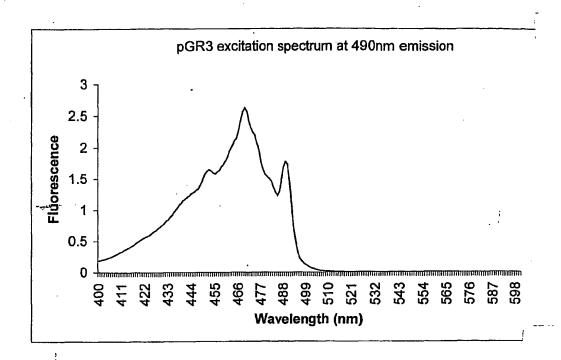
Fig 14 (wsw'd)







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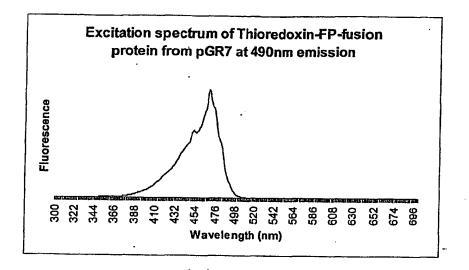
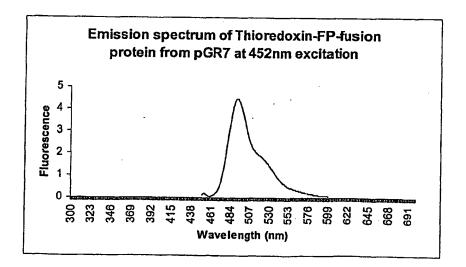
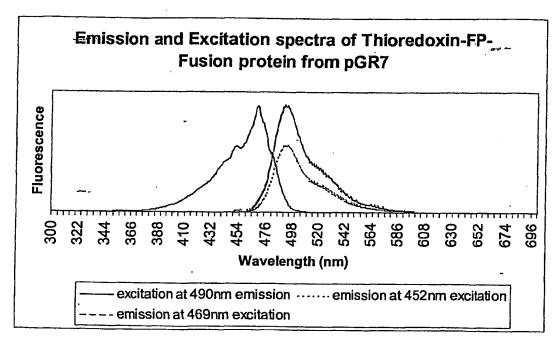


Fig 18



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Fy 2D

Fig 21

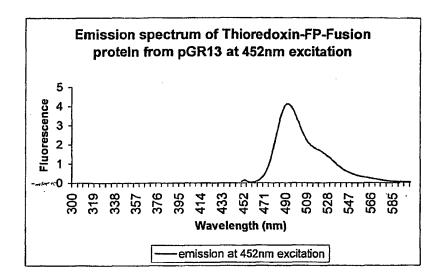
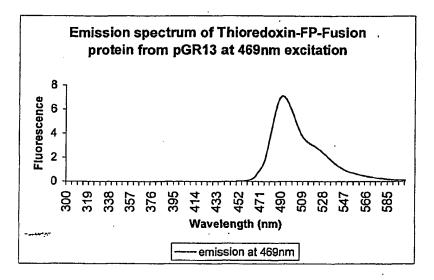


Fig 22:



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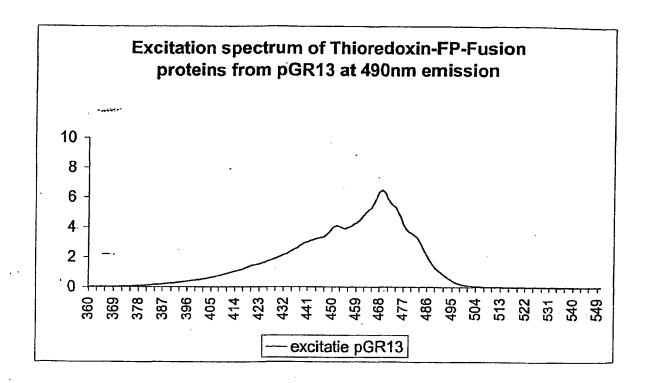
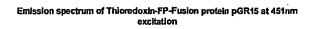
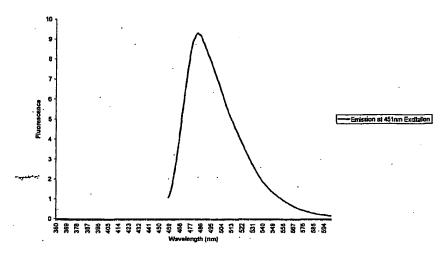


Fig 24:





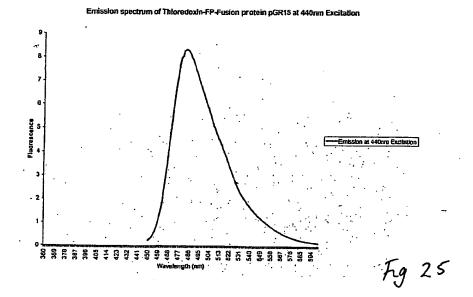
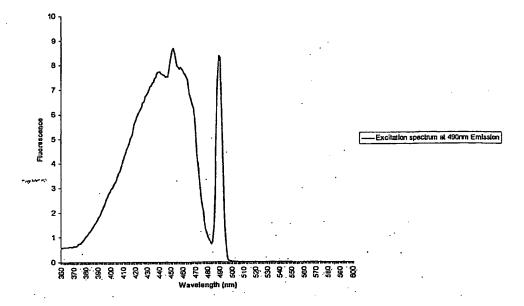


Fig 26





List of pGR clones

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What?	Polythoa 2: Fluorescent colonies E.coli		Polythoa 2: Fluorescent colonies B. coli	Polythoa 2: Fluorescent colonies E. coli	Polythoa 2: Fluorescence in COS	Polythoa 2: Fluorescence in COS	Polythoa 2: Fluorescence in C. elegans (and COS)	Polythoa 2: Fluorescence in E. coli	Polythoa 2: : Fluorescence in in E. coli	synthetic worm polythoa 2	synthetic worm polythoa 2: : Fluorescence in C. elegans	synthetic worm polythoa 2	synthetic worm polythoa 2	backmutated pGR7: Polythoa 2:: Fluorescence in E. coli
mutation	non		non	N41D, 3' end	N41D, 3' end	N41D, 3' end	non	Q135R	N41D, 3' end	1106T	1106T	insertion, 3 mutations	deletion, mutation	non
Insert	fr#34: RT-PCR with	oGR32/oGR34 on RNA Ca (165,p18)	fr#34: RT-PCR with oGR32/oGR34 on RNA Ca (165,p18)	f#55: oGR69/oGR70 on pGR8	fr#55: oGR69/oGR70 on pGR8	fr#56: oGR69/oGR71 on pGR8	fr#54: oGR74/oGR72 on pGR1	fr#53: oGR68/oGR72 on pGR1	f <del>r</del> 36: RT-PCR with oGR36/oGR38 on RNA Ca (165,p18)	f#68: NheI/FseI fr of pGR16 (195p38)	fi#68: NheI/FseI fr of pGR16 (195p38)	fi#73: NheVFsel fr of FP211 (195p38)	f#74: Nhel/Fsel fr of FP212 (195p38)	Remutagenesis on pGR7 with oGR90/oGR91
vector	pCR-XL-TOPO		pCR-XL-TOPO	pET32A-EcoRI/XhoI	pCDNA3-EcoRI/XhoI	pCDNA3-EcoRI/XhoI	pDW2721-AscI/Xhol	pET32A-EcoRI/Xhol	pCR-XL-TOPO	pDW2721-Nhel/Fsel	pDW2721-Nhel/Fsel	pDW2721-Nhel/Fsel	pDW2721-Nhel/Fsel	pET32A-EcoRI/XhoI
book	Ţ.	69	165p67, 69	165p72, 80	165p72, 80	165p72, 80	165p72, 80			195p40	195p40	195p40	195p40	195p72
FP#	FP106		FP107	FP159	FP164	FP167	FP136	FP148	FP116	FP236	FP237	FP238	FP239	FP320

pGR6

pGR7

pGR5

pGR4

pGR3

pGR2

pGR11

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Hybrid-Polyth2-Discol::Fluorescence in E. coli	Hybrid-Polyth2-Discol -His Tag: : Fluorescence in E. coli	synthetic worm polythoa 2	'3 RACE Discosoma 1	Hybrid-Polyth2-Disco1: Fluorescence in COS	Hybrid-Polyth2-Discol: Fluorescence in E. coli	Hybrid-Polyth2-Discol:: Fluorescence in C. elegans	Hybrid-Polyth2-Disco1: Fluorescence in E. coli	Polythoa 1	eGFP: fluorescent colonies	Polythoa 1: Fluorescence in COS	Polythoa 1	Polythoa 1				
NONE	NONE	1106T	NONE	NONE	NONE	K22IN	K22IN	Silent Mutation	Unknown	none	none	NONE				
fr#99: 525bp EcoRUStal fr of pGR17 in 3736bp EcoRV fr of pGR1	ft#142: 124bp fr HindIIVEcorl of pCDNA3.1/Hisa in 4212bp EcoRJ/HindIII fr of pGR14	synthetic fragment Entechelon: 195p32	fi #45: oGR39/oGR20 op SMART cDNA #16	f#129: 705bp EcoRUXhol fr of pGR19 in pcDNA3/EcoRUXhol	fr#117; oGR69/oGR96 on pGR14	fr#128; 700bp AscI/XhoI fr of pGR21	oGR75/oGR96 on pGR14	fr#65; PCR op FP58 and FP84 with oGR33, oGR34, oGR92, oGR93	oGR84/oGR85 on pGB3202	fr #133: EcoRI/XhoI fr of pGR26	fr #133: EcoRI/XhoI fr of pGR26	fr#121: oGR68/oGR72 on pGR22 (195p69)				
pCR-XL-TOPO	(pGR14)FP260- HindIII/EcoRI	pcR-XL-TOPO	pCR-XL-TOPO	pCDNA3-EcoRI/XhoI	pCRblunt	pDW2700-AscI/XhoI	pCR-XL-TOPO	pCR-XL-TOPO	pCR-XL-TOPO	pCDNA3-EcoRI/XhoI	pET32A-EcoRI/XhoI	pCR-XL-TOPO				
195p51, 1	195p80	195p35		195p67, 68	195p67	195p68	195p67	195p22 till 28	195p43	195p70		195p70				
FP260	FP337	FP204	FP176	FP326	FP312	FP325	FP309	FP217	FP241	FP327	FP329	FP317				
pGR14	pGR15	pGR16	pGR17	pGR18	pGR19	pGR20	pGR21	pGR22	pGR23	pGR24	pGR25	pGR26	pGR	pGR	pGR	pGR

% of max at different wavelengths		480nm = 30%; 525nm = 40%	480nm = 35%; 525nm = 40%	480nm = 36%; 525nm = 40%		452nm = 64%; 456nm = 59%; 486nm = 47%; 489nm = 68%			480nm = 44%; 525nm = 37%	480nm = 51%; 525nm = 38%		440nm = 53%; 452nm = 60%; 456nm = 57%; 480nm = 53%			480nm = 44%; 525nm = 37%	480nm = 51%; 525nm = 38%		440nm = 53%; 452nm = 60%; 456nm = 57%; 480nm = 53%			470nm = 54%; 525nm = 39%	470nm = 44%; 525nm = 36%		420nm = 66%; 440nm = 91%; 447nm = 89%; 470nm = 66%
wavelength at max fluorescense		496nm	496nm	496nm		469nm			490nm	490nm		469nm			490nm	490nm		469nm	•		484nm	484nm		451nm
		Fig 15a	Fig 16	Fig 15b		Fig 17			Fig 19	Fig 20		Fig 18			Fig 21	Fig 22		Fig 23			Fig 25	Fig 24		Fig 26
clone pGR3:	emission:	at 452 nm excitation	at 469 nm excitation	at 489 nm excitation	exitation	at 490 nm emission	clone pGR7:	emission:	at 452 nm excitation	at 469 nm excitation	exitation	at 490 nm emission	clone pGR13:	Emission:	at 452 nm excitation	at 469 nm excitation	exitation	at 490 nm emission	clone pGR15:	emission:	at 440 nm excitation	at 451 nm excitation	exitation	at 484 nm emission